

Collaborative Product Lifecycle Management (PLM) for continuous Improvement - Unified Modelling Approach for PLM

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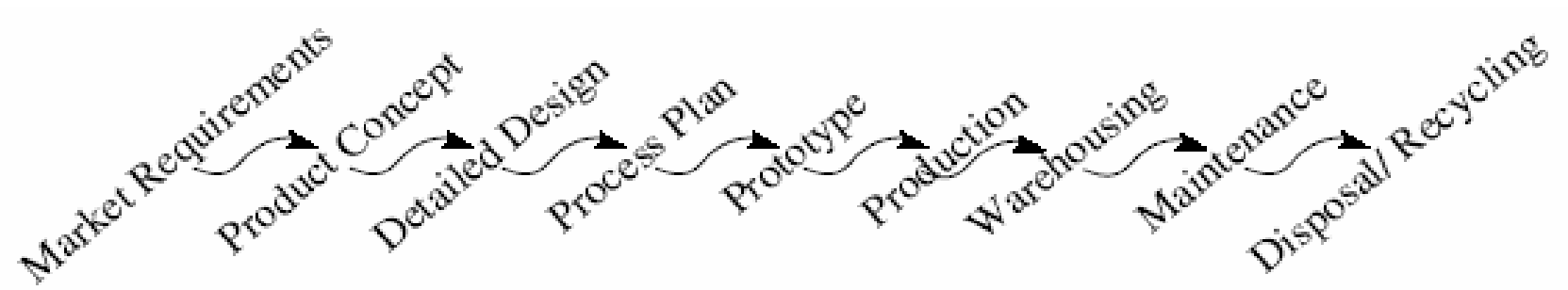
**Singapore Institute of Manufacturing
Technology (SIMTech)**



Unified Feature-based Modeling Framework for Product Lifecycle Management



- Product life cycle management has been emerging as a very critical aspect for a global company. To effectively work in a distributed collaborative environment, every company demands coherent and consistent product and process models.
- With the current information integration trend and easy accessibility with the Internet technology, there is an urgent need to share the common consistent information with minimum transactions.

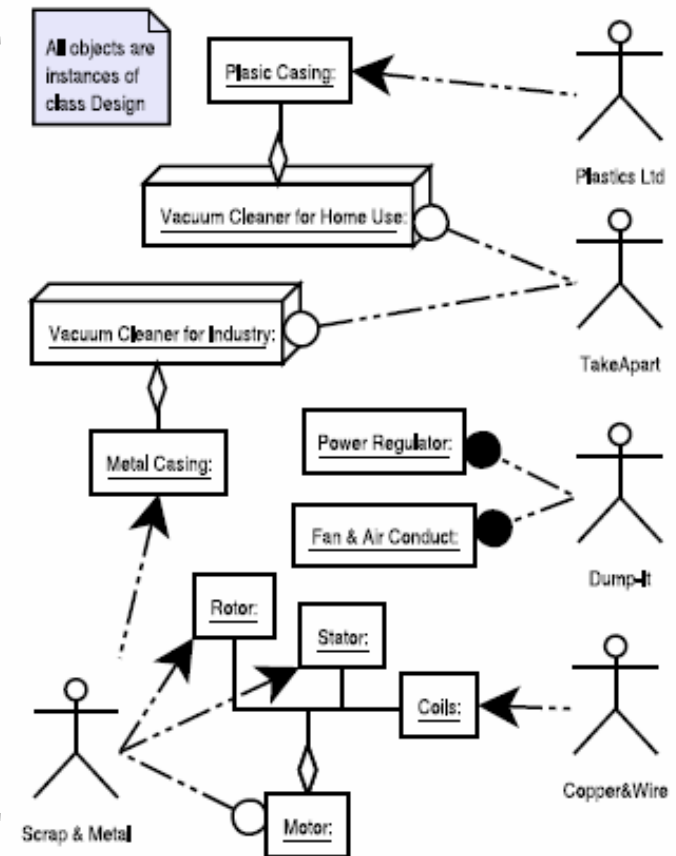


- We need to develop a deeper understanding of the **structure** of the PLM information graph
 - Which concepts? → Ontologies
 - Which relationships? → Knowledge about product, process
 - Reusable patterns? → Knowledge Repositories
 - How to represent information and knowledge? → uncertainty, context, ...
 - How to reconcile multiple ontologies? → interoperability
 - ...
- We need **methods for managing** the PLM information graph (creating, sharing, modifying,...)
 - Which tools to create and modify info? → maps to stakeholders
 - In which order to build the graph? → concurrent eng.
 - How to coordinate among multiple stakeholders?
 - How to maintain consistency?
 - How to propagate changes?
 - ...

Basically, the PLM challenges lay in the area of implementing **a unified product and process model** that can automatically provide all information required in order to support product development, analysis, manufacture, management, marketing and sales is required.

A few burning issues:

- Information sharing and management in collaborations
- Unified product and process models for SMEs and PLCs
- Increased innovation and upgrading in IP contents – R&D
- Environmental impact analysis, evaluation, qualification in PLM
- E-engineering and e-business
- E-manufacturing and services



Unified Feature-based Modeling Framework for Product Lifecycle Management

- **Why does it have to be feature-based?**
- **The state of art in feature-based engineering**
- **Enterprise product oriented system architecture**
- **Four-layer Information model**
 - **Unified feature model**
 - **Geometrical representation**
 - **Associative feature concept and approach**
 - **Applications of unified features**
 - **Components and libraries**
 - **Assemblies, and libraries**
 - **CAD-CAE integration**
 - **Unified feature modeling language**
- **NTU unified approach for PLM modeling**
- **On-going research in NTU**
- **New collaborative research project with SIMTech**
- **Looking ahead ... a major PLM research effort**
- **PLM CRP roadmap for industry partners**

Feature is important as

- Information carrier –feature objects Modular building block in product and process information model
- Validation and reasoning agents
- Feature model provides interfaces, upward to applications' reasoning processes, downward to geometric models.
- Scalable associations

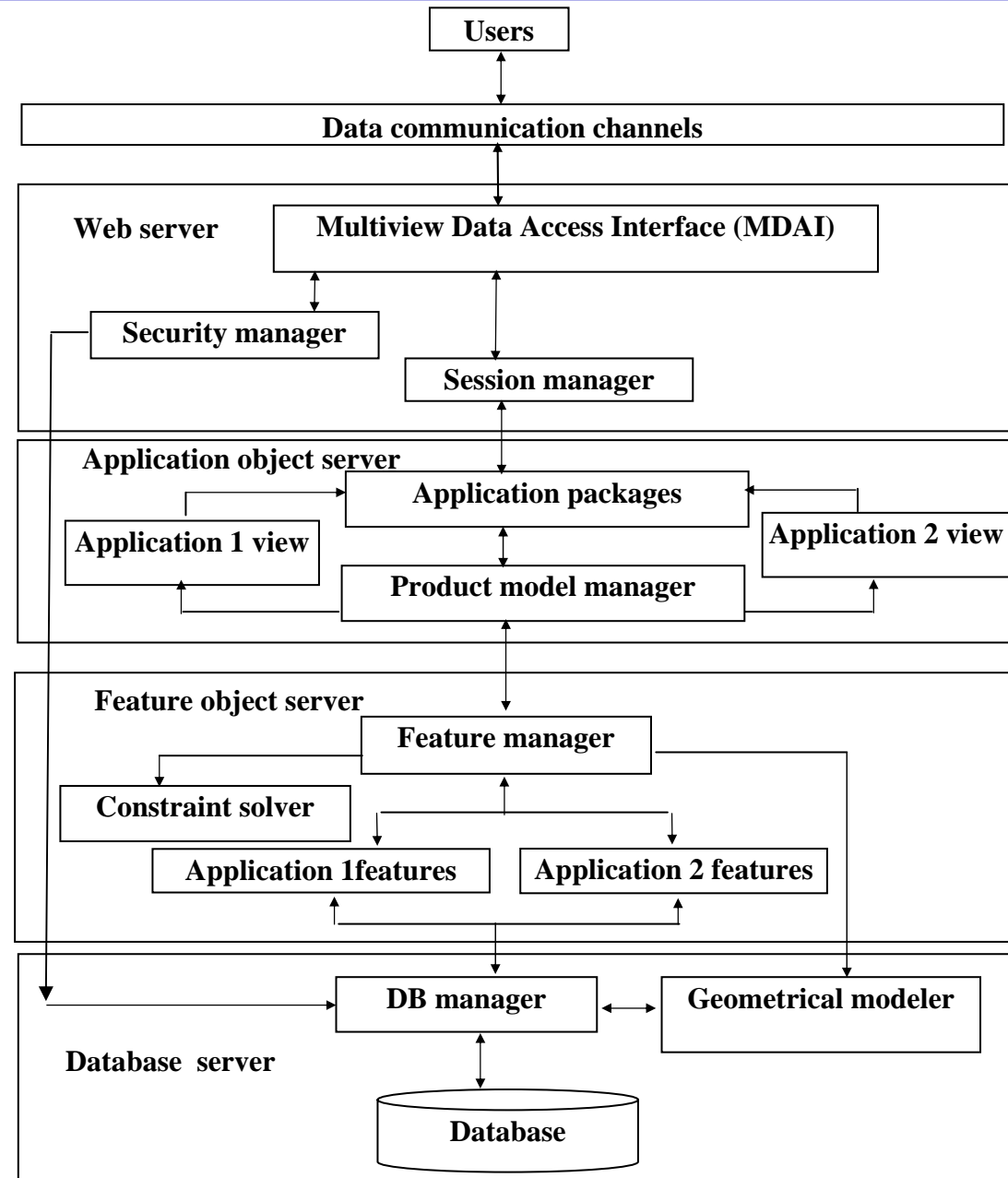
Currently, features are not interoperable among different applications. Most of the current CAD features are based on the classification of machining approach or designing functions.

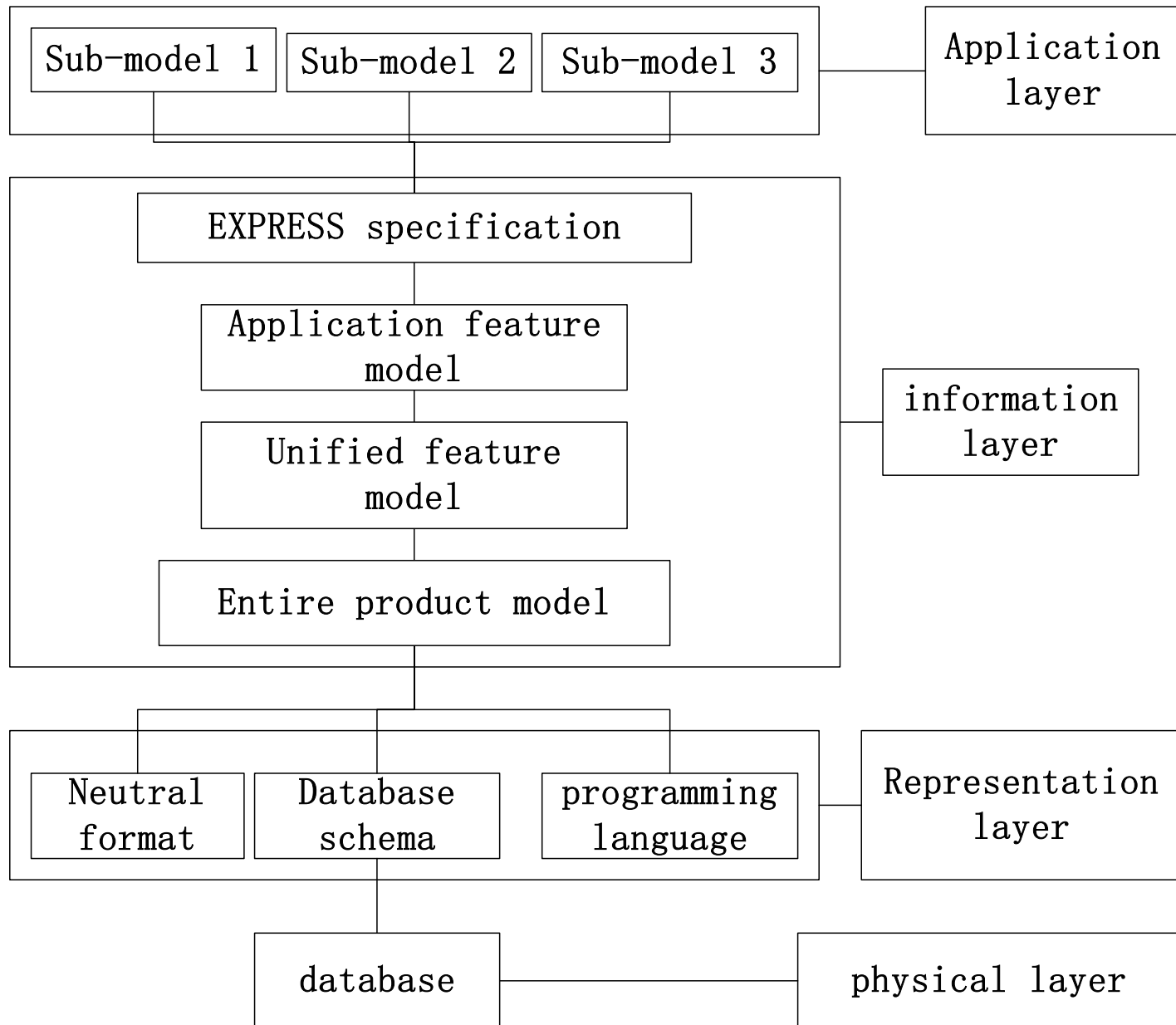
Different features need to be modeled for process planning, CAE analysis, assembly design, MRP/ERP integration and many other purposes.

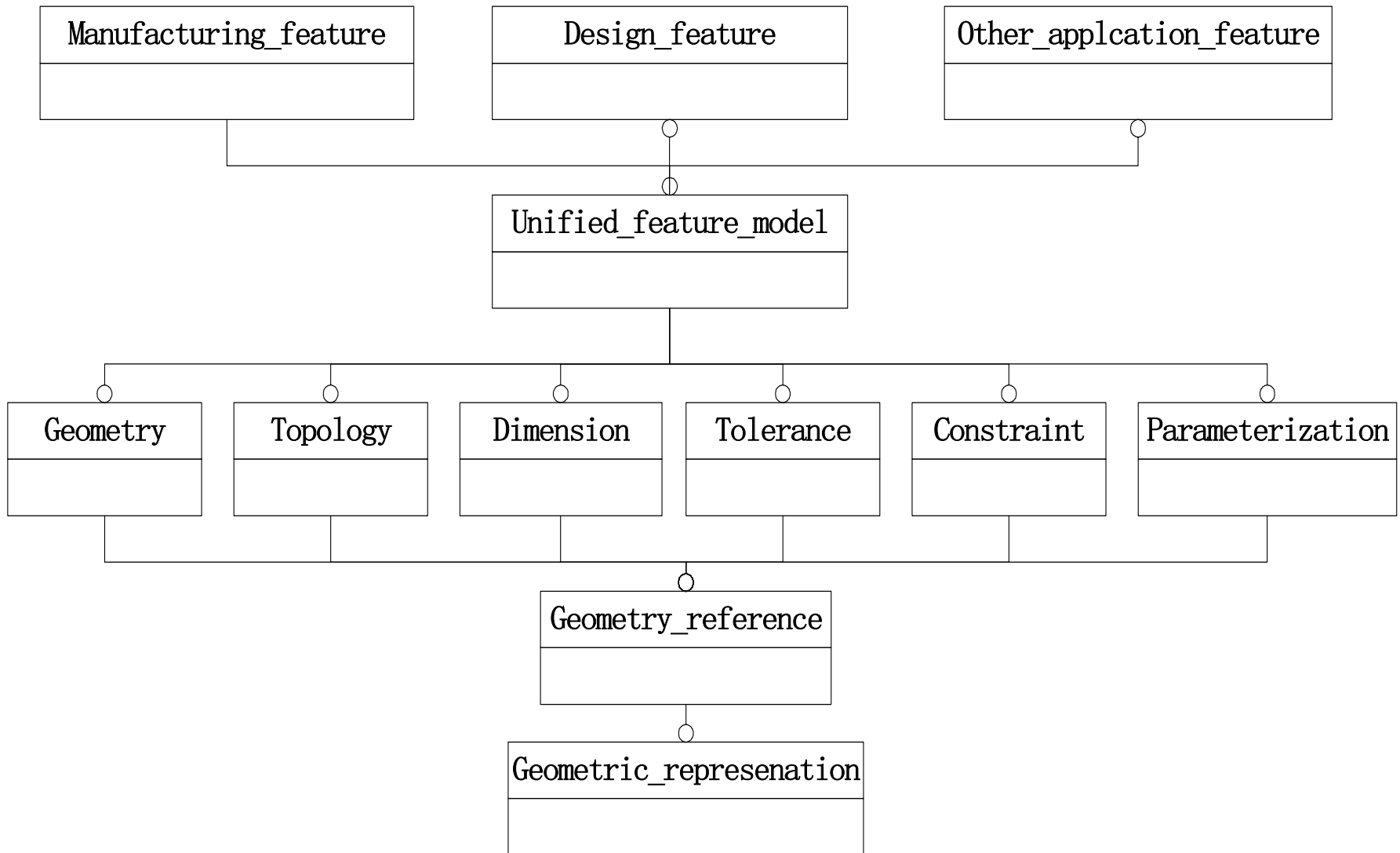
Clearly, features are not the same for different purposes.

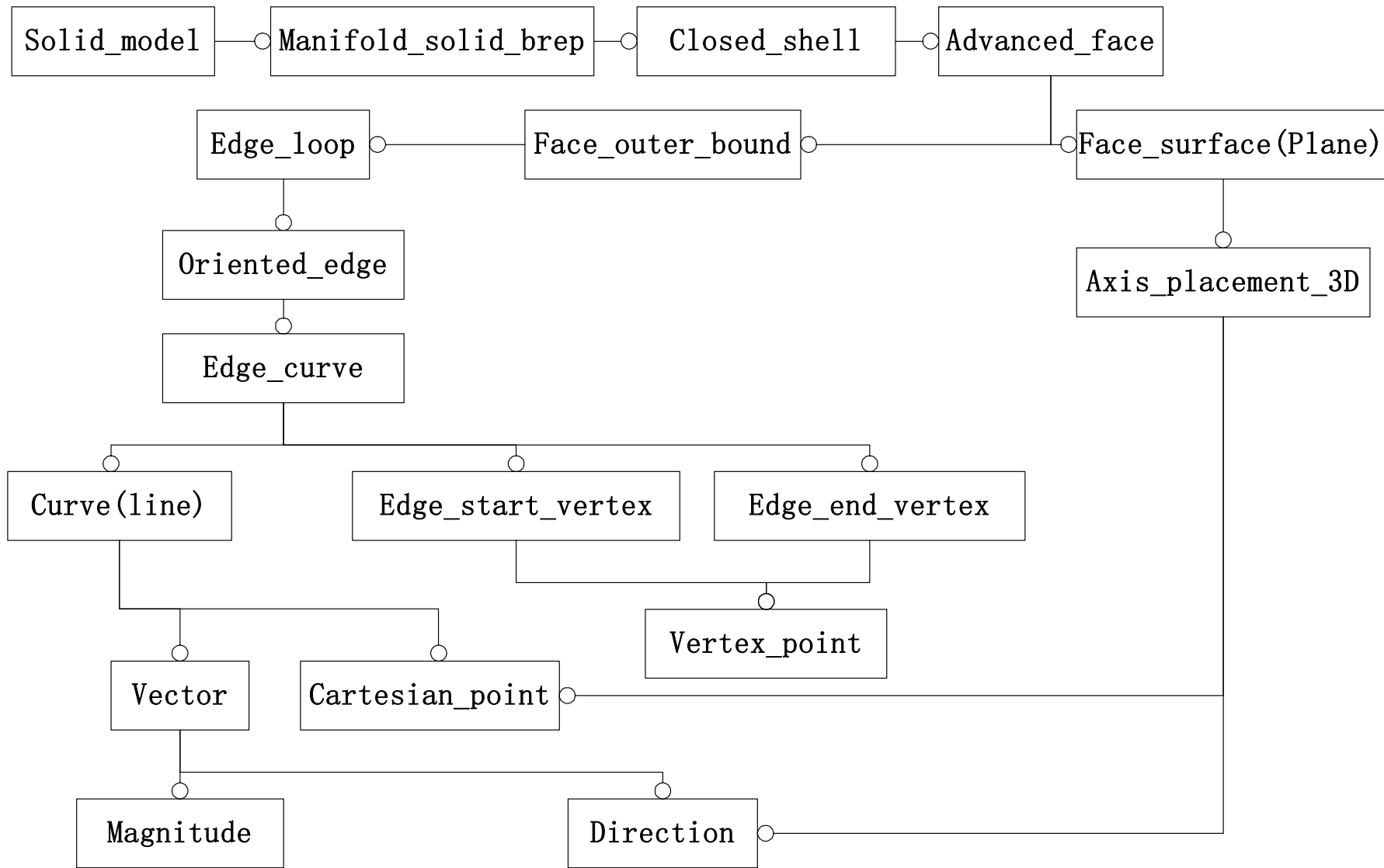
• Framework of a product oriented system

- ✓ Web server
- ✓ Application object server
- ✓ Database server
- ✓ Feature object server
- ✓ Geometrical modeler





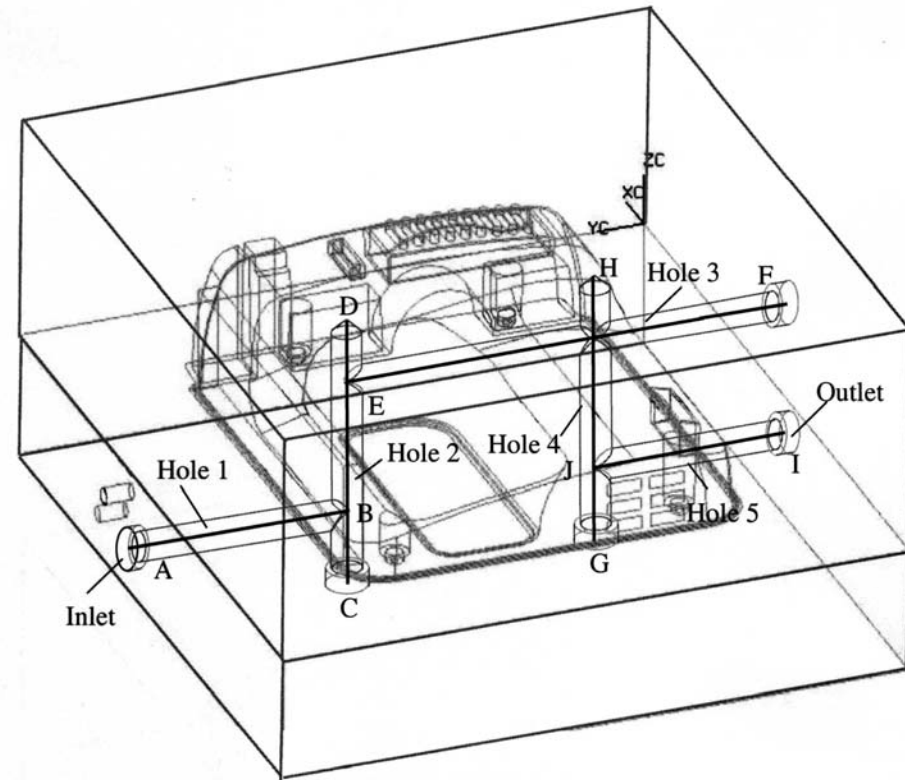




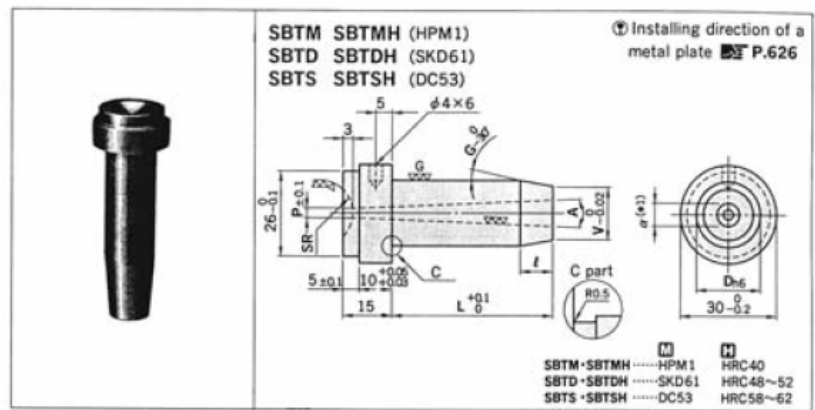
Go beyond traditional features

...

Associative features have to be recognized-self contained and well defined in a uniform type hierarchy and semantic structure



Feature-object technology will be widely accepted as the potential solution for flexible, scalable and multi-facet engineering repositories, such as product life cycle management, catalogues, collaboration portal support.



D _{h6}	Catalog No.		D	(+2)L m0.1mm	SR	P	A	V m0.1mm	G m1'
	Type	D							
10	0 -0.009	SBTM(HPM1) SBTD(SKD61) SBTS(DC53)	10	0~100.0	0	2(*3,4) 2.5(*3)	1(*3)	D > V ≥ α + 2	1~10
13	0		13		11	3			
16	-0.011		16		16	4			
20	0	With String Eliminator SBTMH(HPM1) SBTDH(SKD61) SBTSH(DC53)	20(*5)		20	5			
			25(*5)		25	6			
25	-0.013		25	23	7	8			

(*1) α sizes depend on the L sizes.
(*2) L sizes limited by P, V and A.
G sizes limited by L.
(*3) LKC, specify L in 0.01mm increments.
(*4) SBTMH, SBTDH and SBTSH not applicable.
(*5) SBTS and SBTSH not applicable.

(*3) L sizes limit table

A \ P	2	2.5	3
1	50	50	85
2	3	4	85

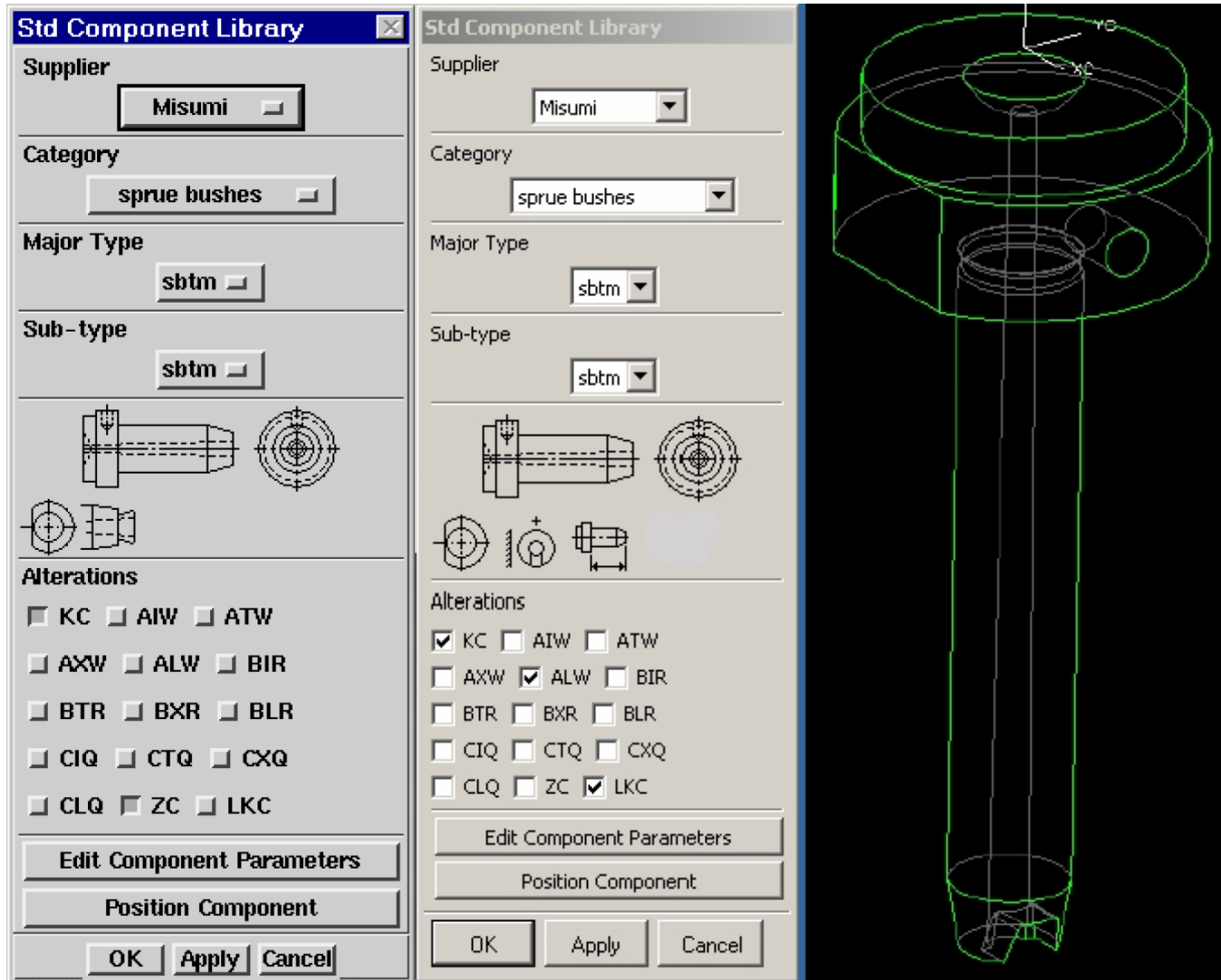
Working Limit (Conversion Chart of Trigonometrical Function P.969)

V = α ± 2
α = P + 2 [(L + (U) + 12) tan α]
U : with alteration ZC
ℓ < L ℓ = (D - V) / 2 tan α

Alteration Details P.627

Alterations	Code	Spec.	Code	Spec.	Spec.	@ / 1 Code
	AIW	(*)	ATW	(*)	Shape A (trapezoid) R0.5 10' W t ● W sizes 3 2.5 4 3.5 5 4.5 6 4 8 5.5 10 7 AIW 10	AIW 1000 AXW 1800 ATW 2000 ALW 1500
	AXW	(*)	ALW	(*)	Combination with ZC not available	
	BIR	(*)	BTR	(*)	Shape B (semi-circle) R ● R sizes 1.5 2 2.5 3 4 BXR 2	BIR 1000 BXR 1800 BTR 2000 BLR 1500
	BXR	(*)	BLR	(*)	Combination with ZC not available	
	CIQ	(*)	CTQ	(*)	Shape C (an arc and tangents) 5' ● Q sizes 2 4 2.5 6 3.5 8 CTQ 5	CIQ 1000 CXQ 1800 CTQ 2000 CLQ 1500
	CXQ	(*)	CLQ	(*)	Combination with ZC not available	
	KC				13	200
	ZC				R0.5 R0.5 S, T, U : m0.1mm S ≥ α + 2 α + 2 ≤ T ≤ D 2 ≤ U ≤ 5 Lmax ≥ L + U ZC-S3.5-T4.0-U2.0	1000
	LKC				LKC = m0.01mm L +0.1...-L 0 0 -0.02 Combination with ZC not available	600

(*) Cut the flange at mmm part when KC is also taken.

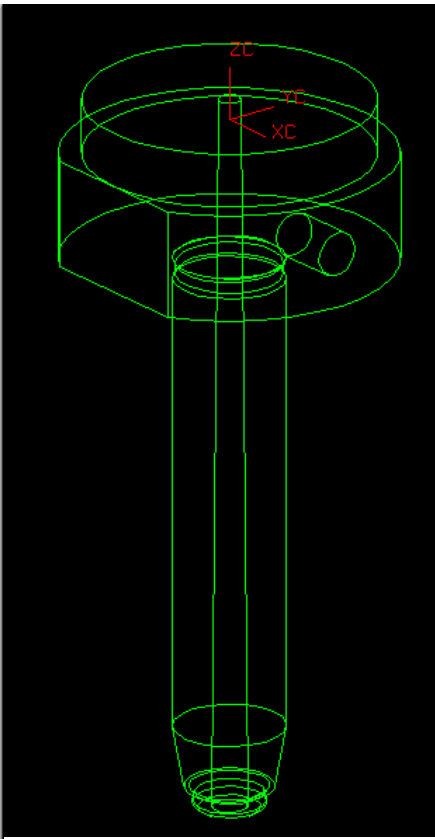


Edit Parameters

sbtm

Size	10
L	50.0000
A	1.0000
V	8.0000
P	2.0000
G	10.0000
D	10.0000
Sr	0.0000
KC_V	13.0000
U	2.0000
S	6.5000
T	7.2000

OK Apply Cancel

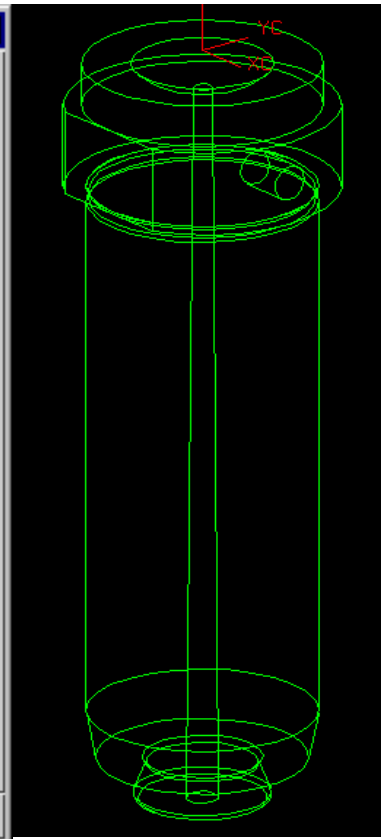


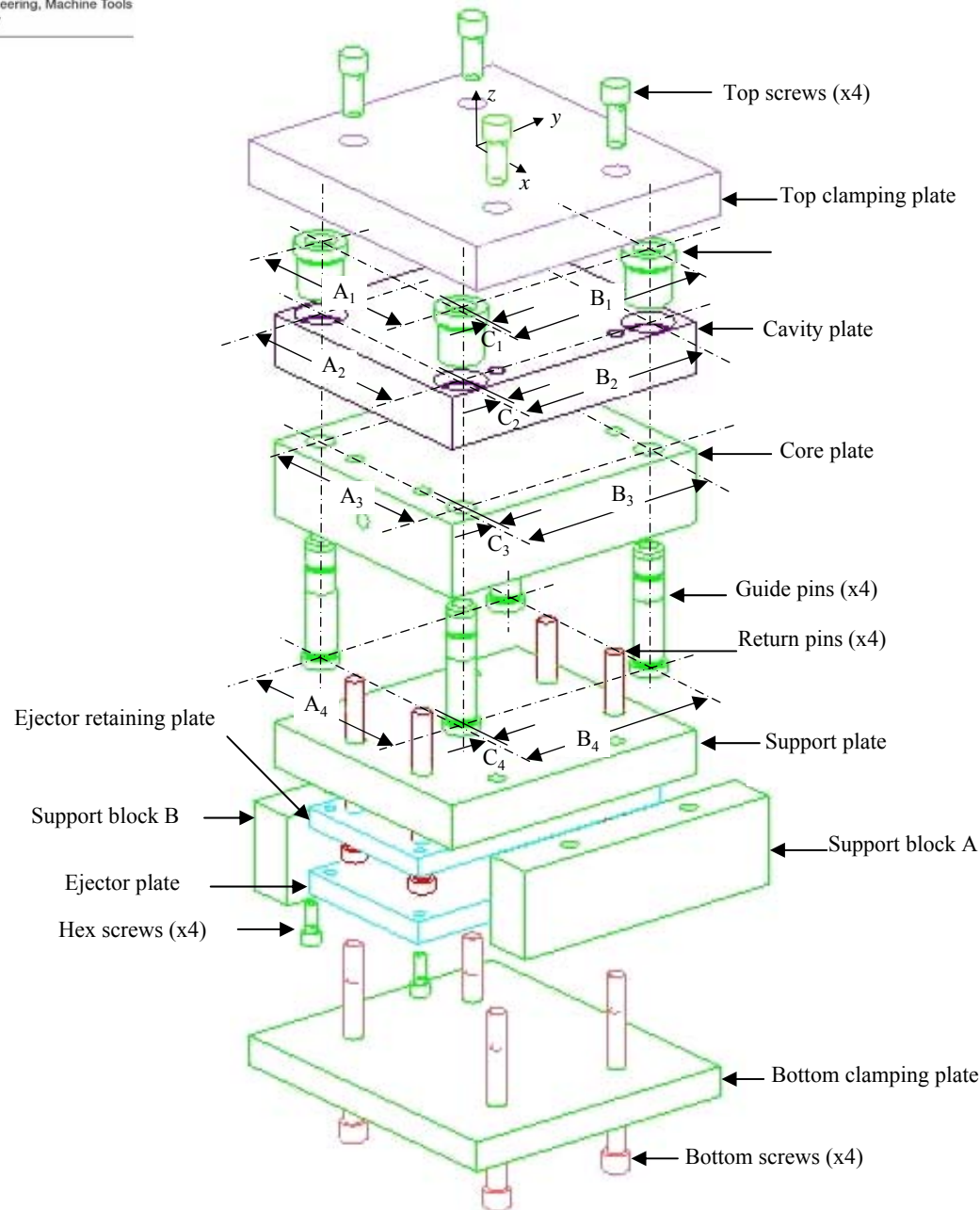
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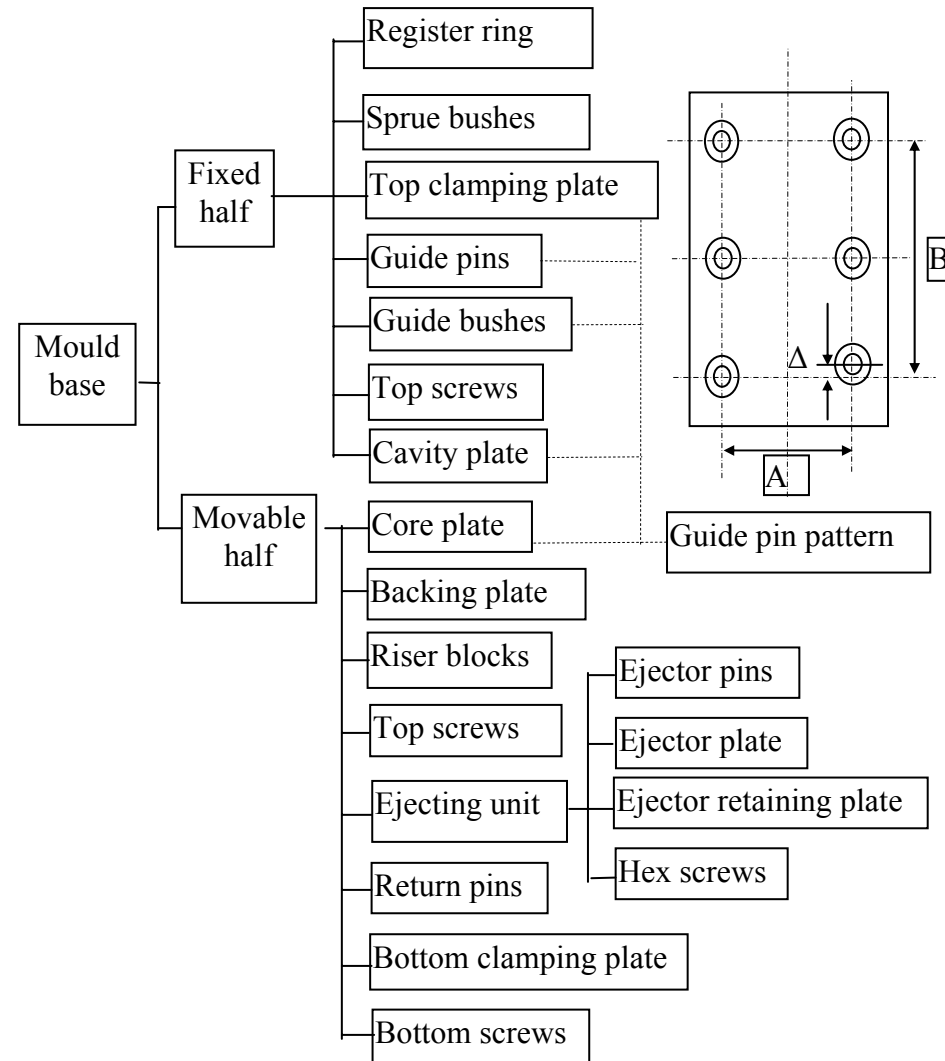
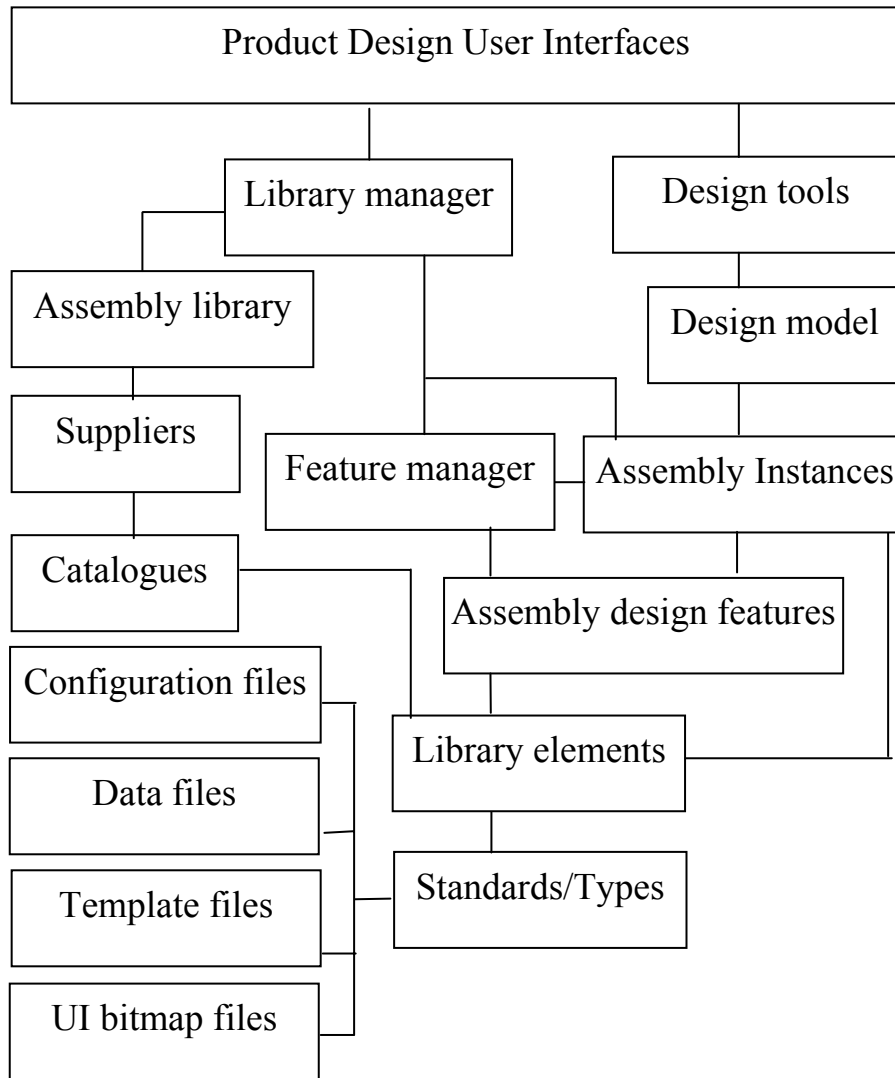
sbtm

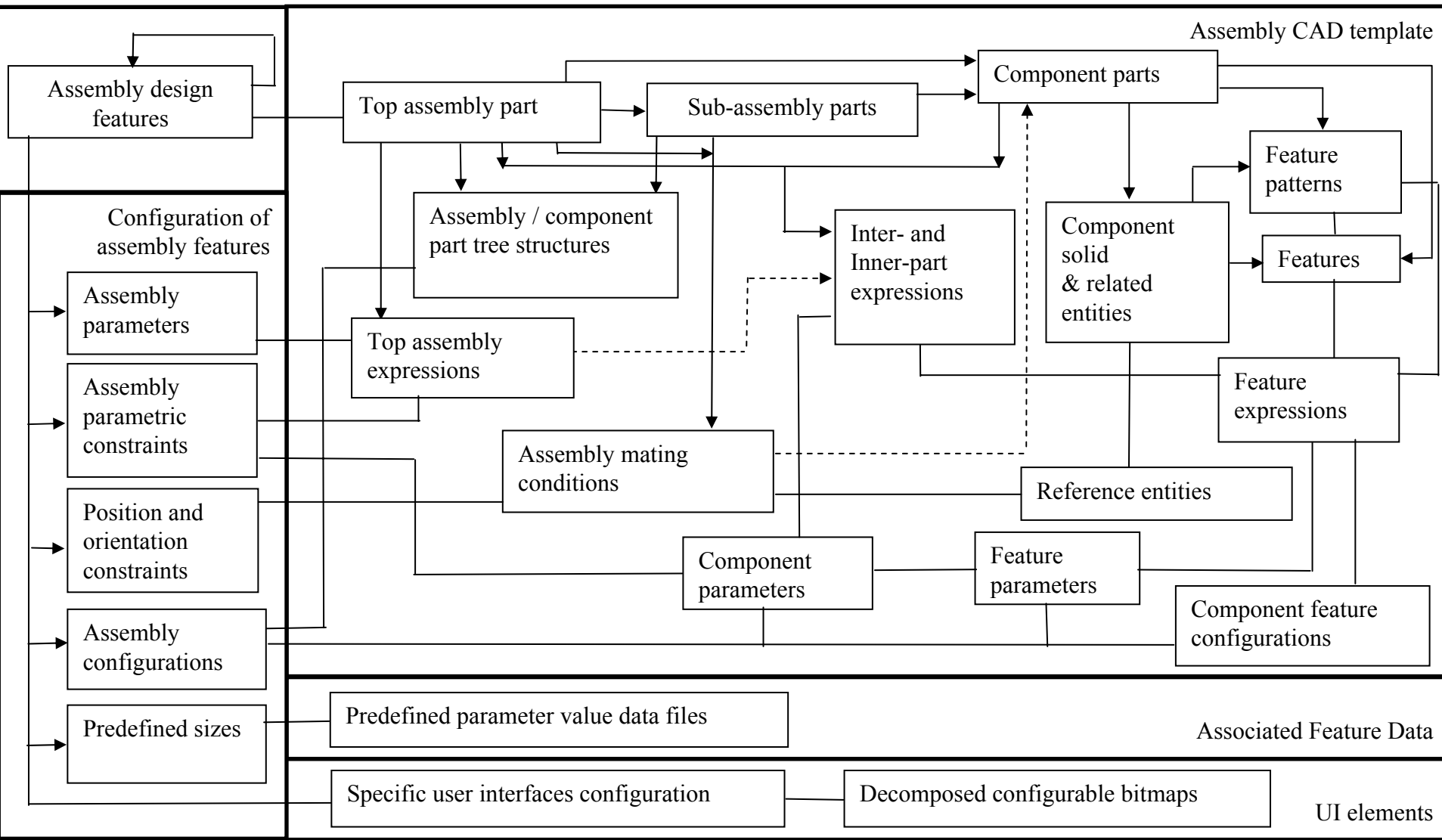
Size	25
L	70.0000
A	1.0000
V	23.0000
P	2.0000
G	10.0000
D	25.0000
Sr	23.0000
KC_V	13.0000
U	5.0000
S	10.5000
T	14.2000

OK Apply Cancel







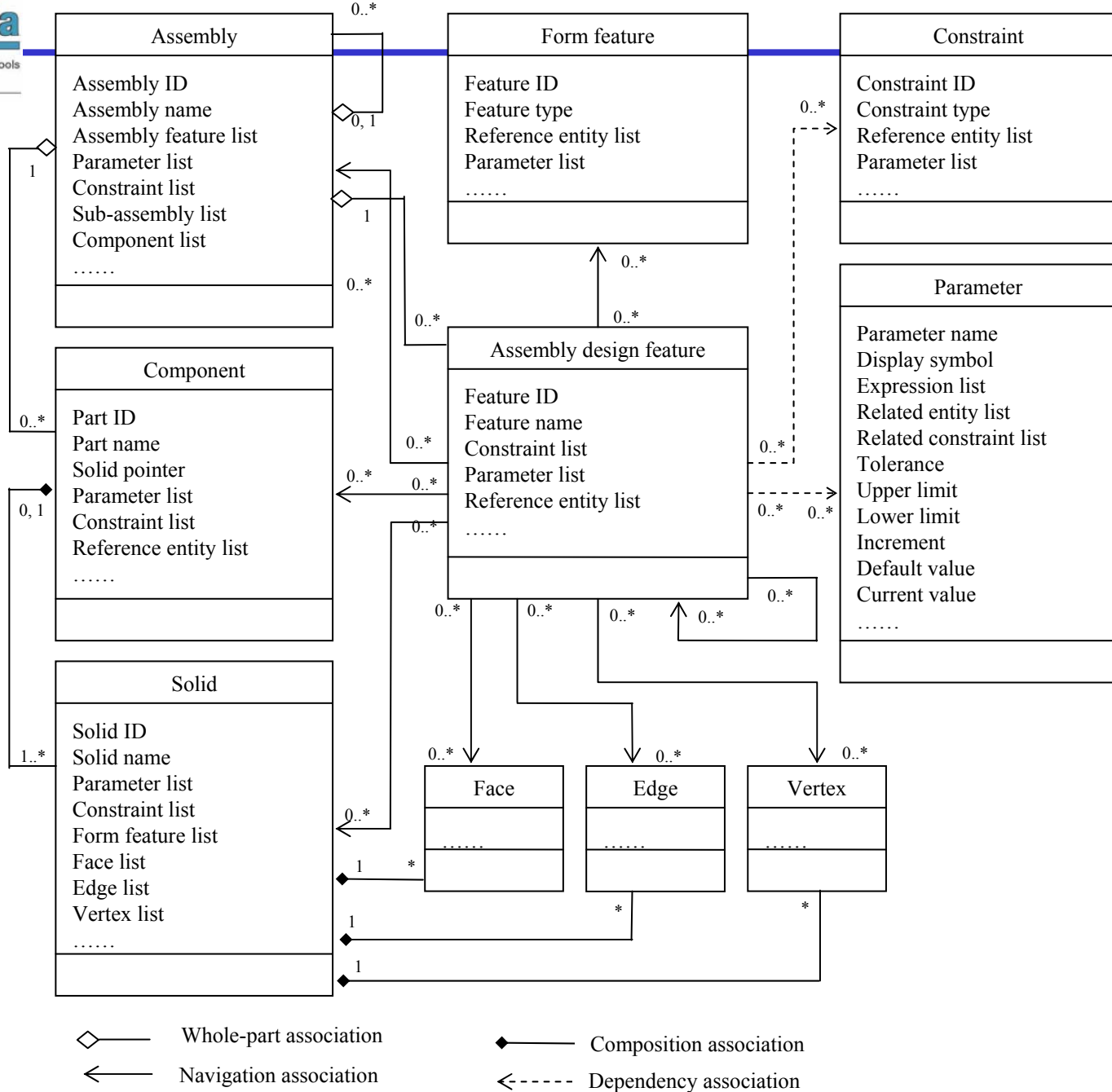


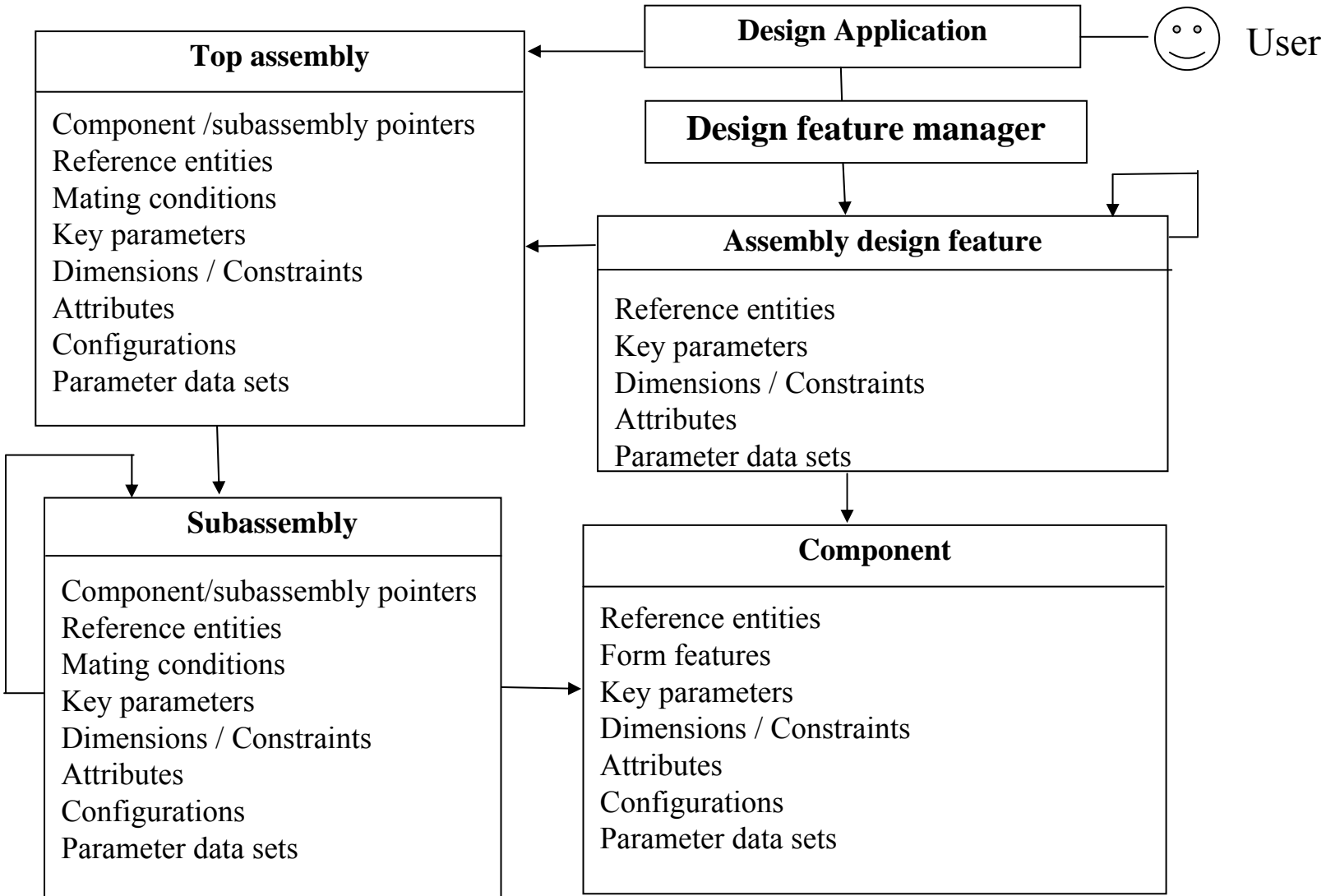
—— Associated with

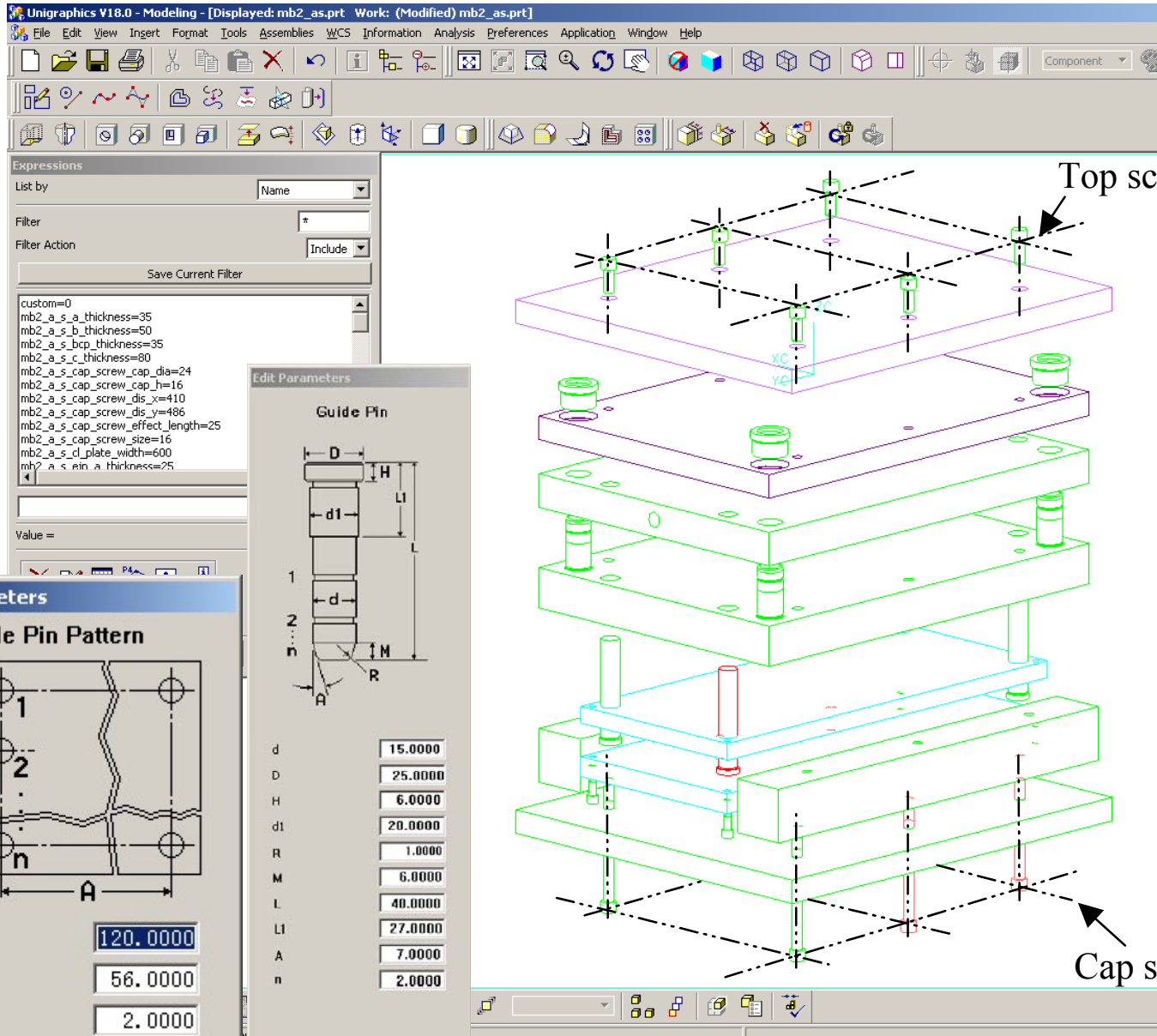
——> Contains

- - - -> Controls

Unified assembly model







Edit Feature/Component

- support pin (pinpt gate)
- support pin (3-plate)
- guide pin
- return pin
- cap screw
- ejector screw
- top screw
- guide bush a
- guide bush b
- plate thicknesses
- spacer blocks
- clamping plates
- ejector plate
- eye-ring hole
- guide pin pattern

Edit Parameters

plate thicknesses

x1	20.0000
x2	30.0000
x4	20.0000
x5	15.0000
x6	13.0000
x7	15.0000

Edit Parameters

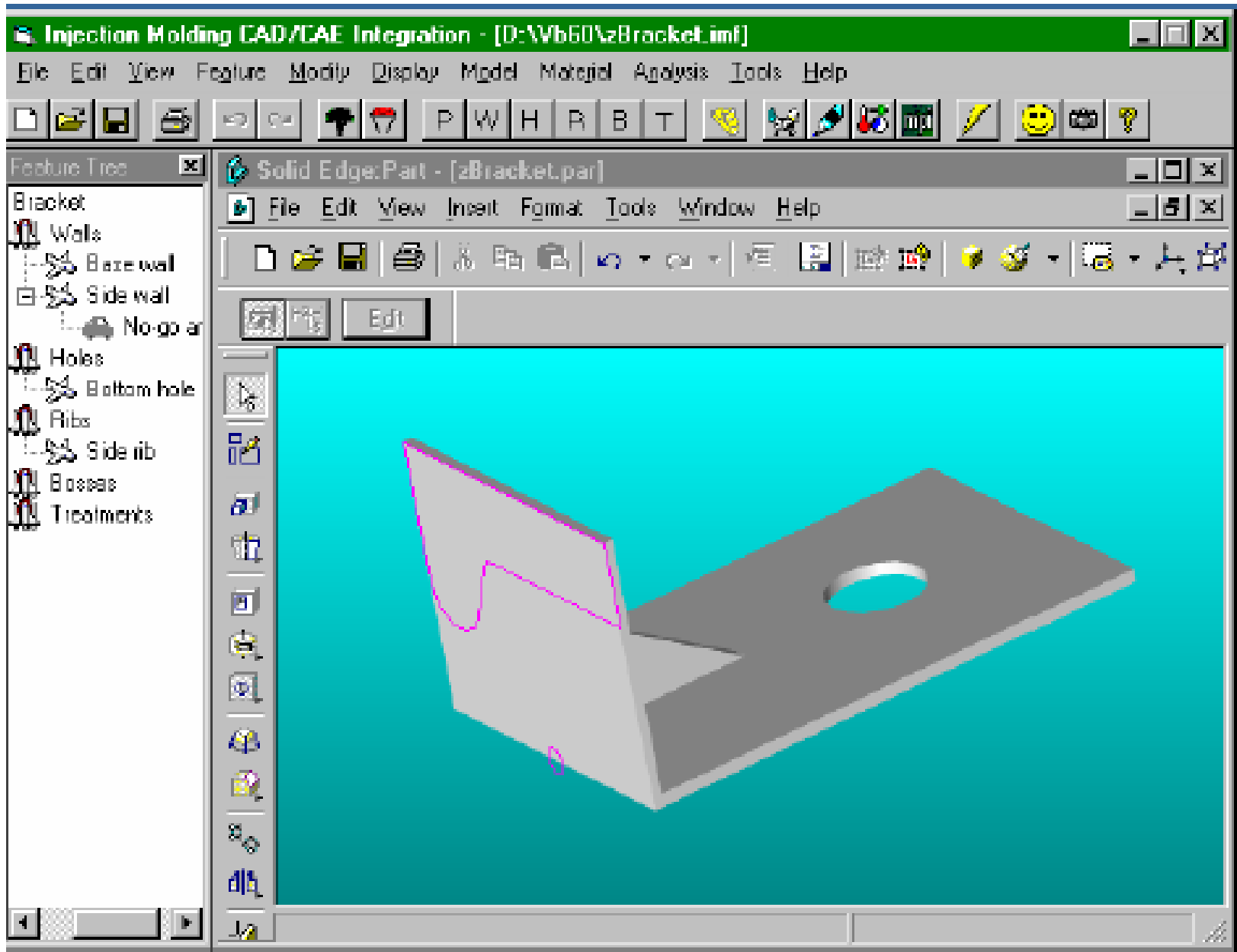
Guide Pin

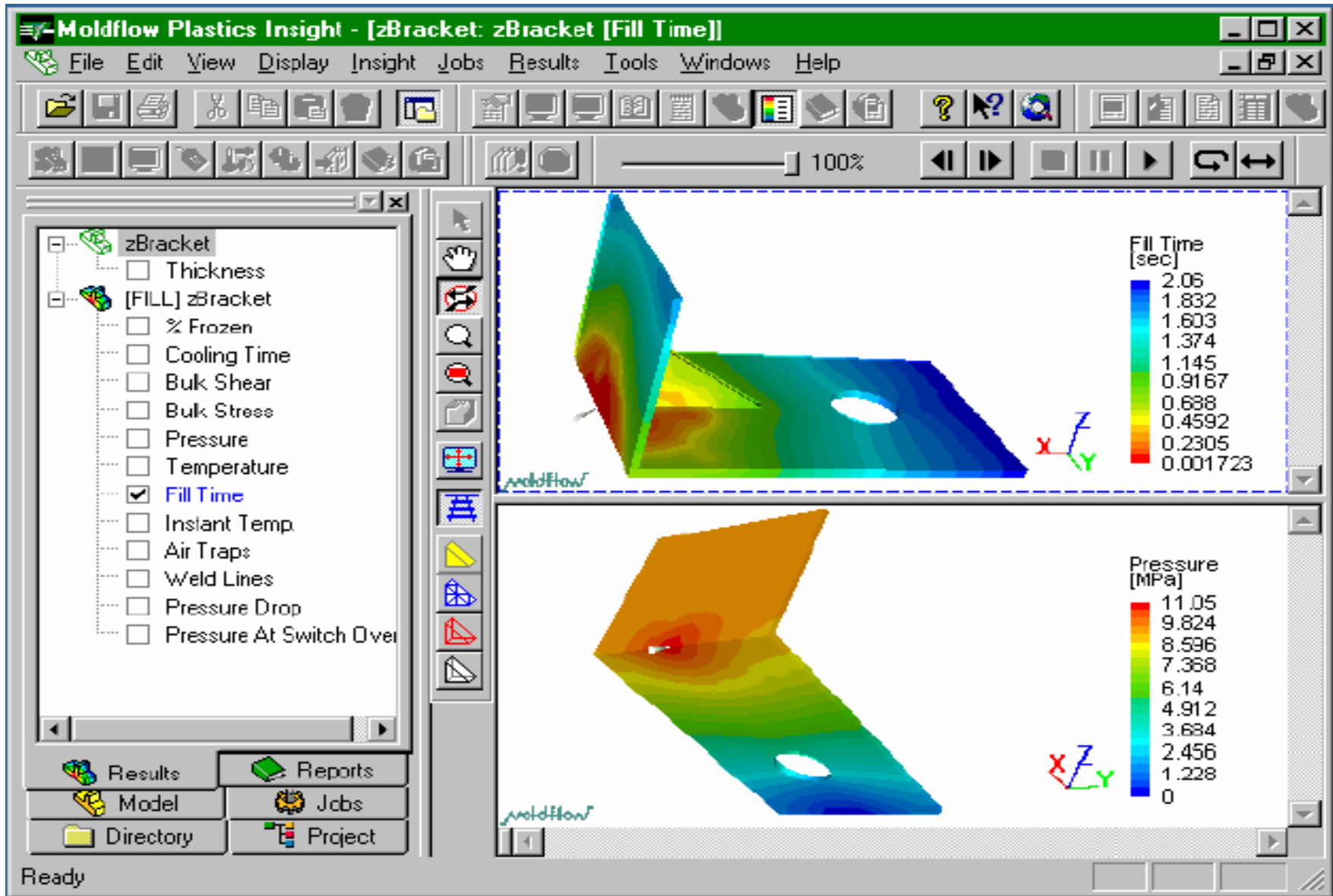
d	15.0000
D	25.0000
H	6.0000
d1	20.0000
R	1.0000
M	6.0000
L	40.0000
Li	27.0000
A	7.0000
n	2.0000

Edit Parameters

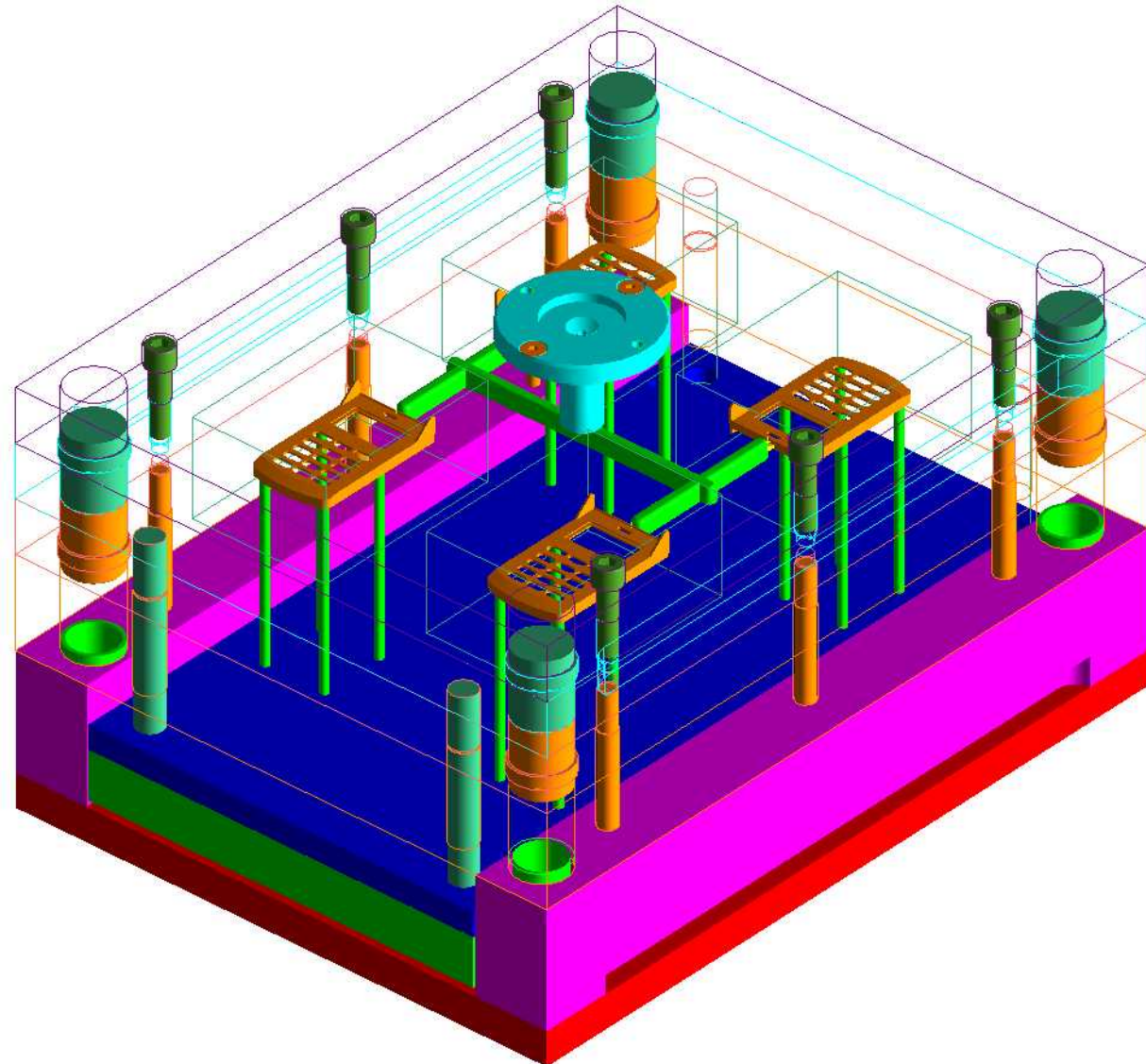
Guide Pin Pattern

A	120.0000
B	56.0000
n	2.0000





- **XML for communication**
- **UML based modeling descriptions at macro/process level**
- **Unified features at the application level**
- **Associative features at the modular data structure level**
- **Extended solid model entities for geometry level**
- **Web-services for project management and collaboration**



Feature-object technology developed in NTU in recent years has been proven to be effective to bridge the information gap among different application features for different purposes.

□ Investigation and development of an XML-based product data translator and extended active engineering database specifications (feature-based PLM repository)

□ Unified feature model for the integration of CAD and Cax applications

- Unified feature semantics and ontology**
- Self-contained, well defined and flexible feature data structure modeling and generic schemas in database**
- Geometric and non-geometric entity types and their representations in a scalable database**
- Associated feature-oriented database constraints management mechanisms**
- Dynamic updating and validation methods**
- Unified feature communication packaging and interactions**
- Unified feature modeling language specifications and its application methods, such as parsing, binding and validating**
- Generic interfaces between a KBE system and the flexible feature-oriented database**
- Deep reasoning of engineering knowledge with the proposed feature oriented database**
- Meta-knowledge generation and updating**
- Unified modeling for product life cycle management processes**

- **To investigate the unified feature-object modeling technology to be applied in the application integration of PLM.**
- **To support e-Engineering PLM framework, which covers unified feature modeling, product information repository, communication and sharing across the Web, especially with both geometric and non-geometric contents, for multi-discipline applications.**
- **To enable new generation generic Application Service Provider (ASP) portal-based engineering services with flexible knowledge encapsulation and deep intelligent reasoning, e.g.**
 - **Mass Customization,**
 - **Quality Engineering, and**
 - **Green Product Development and Manufacturing.**
- **To provide the foundational common platform for the software packages ranging from CAD/CAX systems, shop floor management systems, MRP tools, to enterprise and supply-chain management solutions.**

It can be envisaged that many research works are necessary in order to live up the proposed new generation industrial IT infrastructure. Here are some of the immediate ones:

- Research and development of a unified feature-oriented scalable engineering database**
- Research on the collaboration of distributed manufacturing systems**
- Research and development of a Feature Modeling Language (FML) and its relevant evaluators and parsers**
- Feature object interaction protocols**
- Feature object-brooking service infrastructure**
- Research on a multi-facet product model for concurrent/collaborative engineering**
- Research on enterprise level information management mechanisms**
- Engineering data banking transactions and supporting system modeling**

S: Public Symposium IPs: Industrial Partners, CRP: Collaborative Research Project

