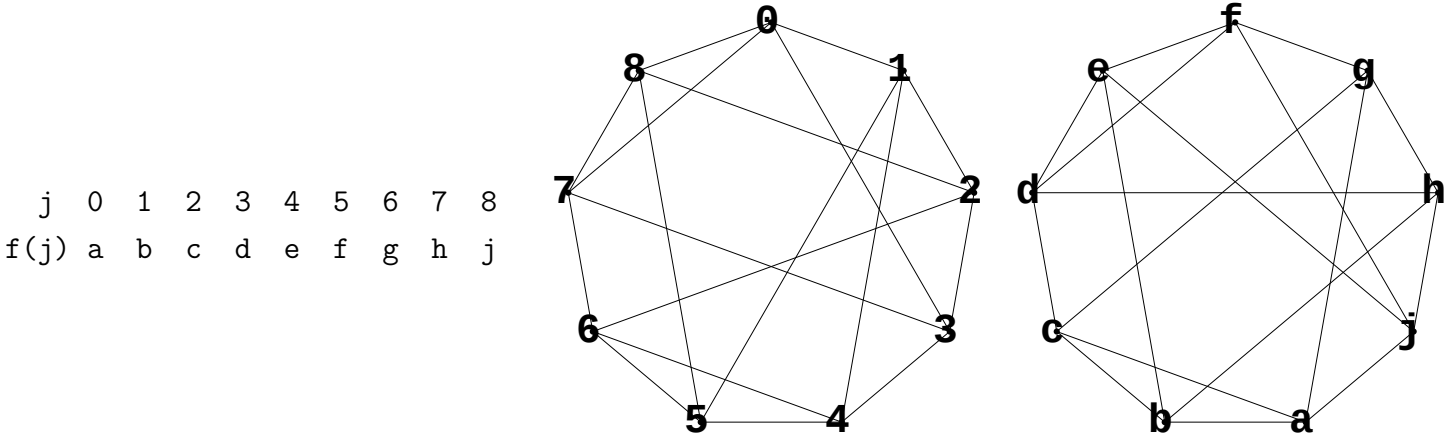


1. Show the missing entries (last column, rows 13 to 21) from the dynamic-program-by-value (DPV) 0-1 knapsack algorithm. values [3, 4, 6, 5, 3]. weights [4, 3, 5, 6, 1].

0	0	0	0	0	0
1	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-
3	4	4	4	4	1
4	-	3	3	3	3
5	-	-	-	6	6
6	-	-	5	5	5
7	-	7	7	7	4
8	-	-	-	10	7
9	-	-	9	9	6
10	-	-	8	8	8
11	-	-	-	11	11
12	-	-	-	13	10
13	-	-	12	12	
14	-	-	-	15	
15	-	-	-	14	
16	-	-	-	-	
17	-	-	-	-	
18	-	-	-	18	
19	-	-	-	-	
20	-	-	-	-	
21	-	-	-	-	

2. Complete this definition: we say that a function $f(n)$ is *superpolynomial* if

3. Graphs $G = (V, E)$ (left) and $H = (W, F)$ (right) and bijection $f : V \leftrightarrow W$ are shown below.



- (a) Is f an isomorphism between G and H ? (answer yes or no)
- (b) Justify your answer.

4. On a 0-1 knapsack instance with n items, explain why the brute force algorithm performs $n2^{n-1} - 2^n$ additions.

5. *Set cover* is this problem:

Instance. A set U , a set $S = \{S_1, S_2, \dots, S_t\}$ of subsets of U , and an integer k .

Query. Is there a subset C of S of size k whose union equals U ?

a) In the set cover instance below, $U = \{0, 1, \dots, 8\}$ and $S = \{S_0, S_1, \dots, S_{10}\}$. Does this instance have a cover of size 6? (yes/no)

b) Justify your answer (use the space below at the right).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
S0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	*
S1	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-
S2	-	*	*	-	-	-	*	-	*
S3	*	-	-	*	-	*	-	*	-
S4	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-
S5	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S6	-	-	-	-	*	*	*	-	-
S7	*	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	*
S8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S9	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	*
S10	-	*	-	-	-	*	*	-	-

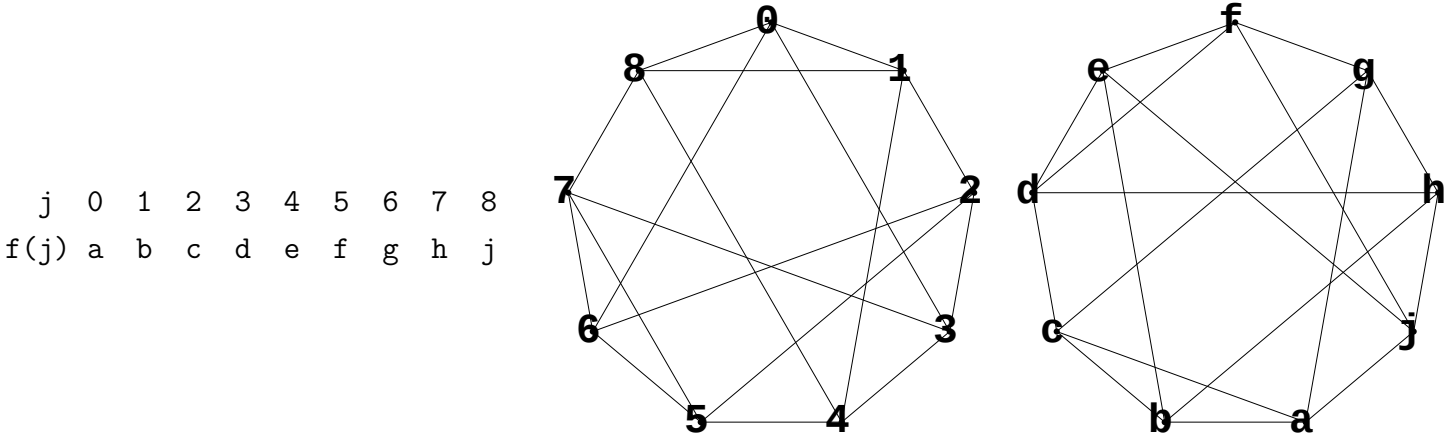
6. Prove/disprove: the set cover problem is in the class NP.

1. Show the missing entries (last column, rows 13 to 21) from the dynamic-program-by-value (DPV) 0-1 knapsack algorithm. values [3, 4, 6, 5, 3]. weights [4, 3, 5, 6, 3].

0	0	0	0	0	0
1	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-
3	4	4	4	4	3
4	-	3	3	3	3
5	-	-	-	6	6
6	-	-	5	5	5
7	-	7	7	7	6
8	-	-	-	10	9
9	-	-	9	9	8
10	-	-	8	8	8
11	-	-	-	11	11
12	-	-	-	13	12
13	-	-	12	12	
14	-	-	-	15	
15	-	-	-	14	
16	-	-	-	-	
17	-	-	-	-	
18	-	-	-	18	
19	-	-	-	-	
20	-	-	-	-	
21	-	-	-	-	

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b) Justify your answer (use the space below at the right).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
S0	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-
S1	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S2	-	-	-	-	*	*	*	-	-
S3	*	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	*
S4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S5	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	*
S6	-	*	-	-	-	*	*	-	-
S7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	*
S8	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-
S9	-	*	*	-	-	-	*	-	*
S10	*	-	-	*	-	*	-	*	-

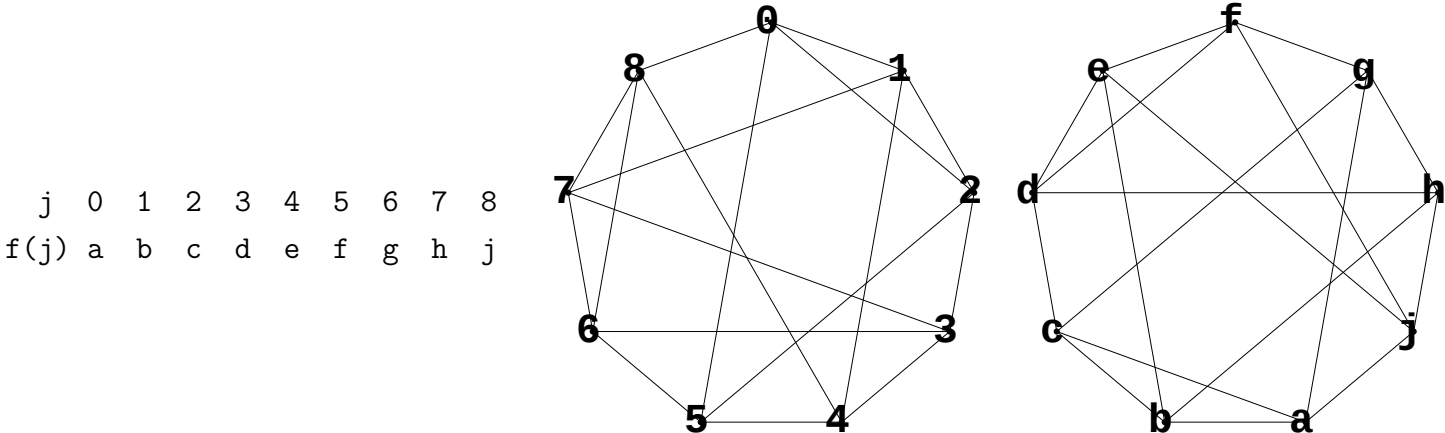
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0	0	0	0	0	0
1	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-
3	4	4	4	4	2
4	-	3	3	3	3
5	-	-	-	6	6
6	-	-	5	5	5
7	-	7	7	7	5
8	-	-	-	10	8
9	-	-	9	9	7
10	-	-	8	8	8
11	-	-	-	11	11
12	-	-	-	13	11
13	-	-	12	12	
14	-	-	-	15	
15	-	-	-	14	
16	-	-	-	-	
17	-	-	-	-	
18	-	-	-	18	
19	-	-	-	-	
20	-	-	-	-	
21	-	-	-	-	

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b) Justify your answer (use the space below at the right).

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
S0	*	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	*
S1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S2	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	*
S3	-	*	-	-	-	*	*	-	-
S4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	*	*
S5	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-
S6	-	*	*	-	-	-	*	-	*
S7	*	-	-	*	-	*	-	*	-
S8	-	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-
S9	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
S10	-	-	-	-	*	*	*	-	-

6. Prove/disprove: the set cover problem is in the class NP.