

28 October 2014

**Instructions.** Please answer all 4 questions. Each question is worth 25 points.

1. Use the Method of Characteristics to show that the solution to (Euler's equations for the isentropic flow of a gas)

$$u_t + u u_x = 0,$$

$$\rho_t + u \rho_x + \rho u_x = 0,$$

for  $-\infty < x < \infty$ ,  $t > 0$  (where  $u$  is the velocity and  $\rho$  is the density) with the initial condition

$$u(x, 0) = f(x) \text{ and } \rho(x, 0) = g(x),$$

can be written in the implicit form

$$u = f(x - ut) \text{ and } \rho = \frac{g(x - ut)}{1 + t f'(x - ut)}.$$

HINT: Setup the characteristic equations and first solve for  $u$  and then for  $\rho$ .

2. Suppose the initial data for the linear 1st-order pde

$$a(x, y) u_x + b(x, y) u_y = c(x, y) u + d(x, y),$$

is given by

$$u(x, h(x)) = f(x),$$

where  $y = h(x)$  is a characteristic. Show that

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{c(x, h) f + d(x, h)}{a(x, h)}.$$

3. Show that the solution to the Cauchy problem

$$u_{tt} - u_{xx} = h(x, t), \quad -\infty < x < \infty, \quad t > 0,$$

$$u(x, 0) = f(x) \text{ and } u_t(x, 0) = g(x), \quad -\infty < x < \infty,$$

where  $h(x, t)$ ,  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are smooth and spatially square-integrable functions is unique.

HINT: You may assume that  $u(x, t)$  and all its derivatives are square-integrable functions with respect to  $x$ .

4. Classify and reduce to canonical form the pde

$$u_{xx} - 2u_{xz} + u_{yy} + u_{zz} = 0,$$