

## PHYS 200: Problem Set VIII

Due: 4:30 pm April 5, 2005

1. [3] The largest telescopes can just detect objects whose apparent brightness is on the order of  $10^{-18}$  W/m<sup>2</sup>. How far away could our sun be and still be detectable telescopically? The rate of energy reaching the Earth from the Sun is about  $1.3 \times 10^3$  W/m<sup>2</sup>.
2. [6] Estimate the observed wavelength for the 656 nm line in the Balmer series of hydrogen in the spectrum of a galaxy whose distance from us is (a)  $1.0 \times 10^6$  ly, (b)  $1.0 \times 10^8$  ly, and (c)  $1.0 \times 10^{10}$  ly
3. [6] Estimate what neutrino rest mass (in eV) would provide the critical density to close the universe. Assume the neutrino density is, like photons, about  $10^9$  times that of nucleons, and that nucleons make up only (a) 2% of the mass needed, or (b) 5% of the mass needed.