| ASTRONOMY & THE GALILEO AFFAIR | S2 |
|--|----------|
| I. KEY THOUGHTS | S3 |
| 1. The scientific issue in the Galileo Affair was NOT about a flat earth! anti-religious individuals in 19 th century concocted that myth debate was between: Old Science (Geocentricity) vs. New Science (Heliocentricity) → Copernicus & Galileo | S4 |
| Earth at center of universe γ vs. The serione (Trendechariety) γ copermeds α dames γ | |
| 2. Galileo had a PEACEFUL relationship between Science & Religion IMPLICITLY he accepted the Metaphysics-Physics Principle & Message-Incident Principle his hermeneutics were remarkable & ahead of church theologians! Features: | S5 |
| 3. The Re-cycle Thesis QUESTION: Is the origins debate today a re-cycling of the Galileo Affair with a different science evolutionary biology instead of astronomy | S6 e? |
| 4. Pattern & Process in Science | S7 |
| Galileo's day (early 1600s): | |
| Pattern (observation) is known → movement of the planets Process (mechanism) is not known → believed planets were in moving heavenly spheres | |
| ■ Isaac Newton's Theory of Gravity only appears in late 1600s | |
| II. BRIEF HISTORY OF ASTRONOMY | S8 |
| Ancient Greek Astronomy | S9 |
| Basic features: | |
| THE EARTH | |
| centre of the entire universe (Geocentricity) spherical | |
| curved shadow of earth on face of the moon during an eclipse sightings of stars not previously seen as they travelled south • immovable | |
| they did not feel the movement of earth's rotation they argued objects would be thrown off & birds left behind | |
| THE HEAVENS | S10 |
| • spherical | |
| single or multiple spheres | |
| last sphere called "the Firmament" | |
| • motion of the spheres caused movement of the stars | 011 |
| • Two Types of Stars (1) Fixed Stars | S11 |
| attached to the Firmament & they move together in unison as Firmament mov (2) Wandering Stars (Planets) | res |
| travelled on their own path | |
| | H13 |
| DEF: a brief east-to-west loop by a planet from its normal west-to-east movement across the sky | st |

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believed to be **real** → not a visual effect

| EXAMPLES | |
|---|--|
| Plato (427-347 BC/E) | S2 H22 |
| single heavenly sphere rotates daily | |
| Aristotle (384-322 BC/E) | S3 H22 |
| multiple heavenly spheres & the last sphere (Firmament) rotates dail | V |
| universe features two parts: | • |
| (1) Terrestrial | |
| sublunar → below the sphere of the moon | |
| bodies changeable & destructible | |
| (2) Celestial | |
| unchangeable & indestructible | |
| Galileo will challenge this idea | |
| Claudius Ptolemy (100-170 AD/CE) | S4 |
| Great System of Astronomy (150 AD/CE) | 54 |
| basically Aristotelean → geocentric with many spheres | |
| dominant astronomy for the next 1400 years | |
| Achievement: | |
| accurate predictions | |
| offered an explanation for retrograde motion of "wandering stars" | S5 H23 |
| Galileo will challenge Ptolemaic astronomy | 55 1125 |
| Games will chancing I tolerhale astronomy | |
| Nicholas Copernicus (1473-1543) | S6 |
| formulated heliocentric astronomy | |
| • sun is at the of the entire universe | S7 H24 |
| • planets & moon are in their own sphere | |
| motion of spheres caused the motion of the planets & moon | |
| • fixed stars are attached to the firmament (last sphere of the universe) | |
| • firmament is immovable | |
| faithful Christian | S8 |
| church cannon (a religious assistant/administrator) for 40 yrs | |
| had a peaceful relationship between Science & Religion | |
| | |
| Brief Treatise (1514) | S9 |
| written anonymously & given to trusted friends | |
| made 7 assertions | |
| 1. ASSERTION #3 | S10 |
| "All the spheres revolve about the sun as their mid-point, and | therefore the |
| sun is the center of the universe." E Rosen, Three | e Copernican Treatises (NY: Dover 1959), 58 |
| COMMENT: | |
| heliocentricity is NOT our understanding! | |
| 2. Assertion #7 | S11 |
| "The apparent retrograde and direct motion of the planets are | ises not from their |
| motion but from the earth's. The motion of the earth alone, | therefore, suffices |
| to explain so many apparent inequalities in the heavens." | Ibid, 59 |

Galileo 1 Episode 99

retrograde motion is only an **appearance** → a visual effect

S12 H13

COMMENT:

On the Revolutions of the Heavenly Spheres (1543)

Copernicus's most famous book

heliocentricity was rarely taught openly by end of 16th century

if so, as a "hypothesis" and not as description of physical reality an academic book written in Latin

therefore, no negative reaction from common people

Galileo wrote in Italian → common people drawn into the controversy

3. "The machinery of the world ... has been built for us by the Best and Most Orderly Workman of all ... And although I realize that the conceptions of a philosopher [ie, natural philosopher or scientist] are placed beyond the judgment of the crowd ... it is his loving duty to seek the truth in all things, in so far as God has granted that to human reason."

> N. Copernicus, On the Revolutions of the Heavenly Spheres, Great Books of the Western World, RM Hutchins, ed (Chicago: Encyclopaedia Britannica, 1543 [1948]), 6, 508

COMMENTS:

S4

- · world was designed by God
- reason & science were rooted in God
- Scientific Knowledge Gap between the academics & common people "conceptions of a philosopher" & "the crowd"

Copernicus Anticipated Theological Criticism

S5

4. "But if perchance there are certain 'idle talkers' who take it upon themselves to pronounce judgment, although wholly ignorant of mathematics, and if by shamelessly distorting the sense of some passage of Holy Writ to suit their purpose, they dare to reprehend and to attack my work; they worry me so little that I shall ever scorn their judgments as foolhardy... Mathematics is written for mathematicians; and among them, if I am not mistaken, my labours will be seen to contribute something to the ecclesiastical commonwealth [the church], the principate of which Your Holiness [Pope Paul III] now holds." Ibid., 509

COMMENTS:

S6

- Scientific Knowledge Gap between the academics & common people "mathematicians" & those "wholly ignorant of mathematics"
- Hermeneutical debates over New Science eisegesis → "distorting the sense of some passage of Holy Writ"
- Science a contribution to the church dedicated Revolutions to Pope Paul III

Example of a Critic: Martin Luther

S7-8 H13

5. "The **new astronomer** [Copernicus] wants to prove that the Earth goes around [the sun] and not the heavens, the Sun, and the Moon [around the earth] ... The fool will turn the whole science of Astronomy upside down. But, as Holy Writ declares, it was the Sun and not the Earth which Joshua commanded to stand still [Josh 10:12-13]."

> M Luther, Table Talk (4 Jun 1539), in A. Armitage World of Copernicus (NY: Signet, 1951), 90

6. "Joshua said to the Lord in the presence of Israel: 'O sun, stand still ... The sun S10 stopped in the middle of the sky and delayed going down about a full day."

Josh 10:12-13 **SQ 1** for full passage

| | COMMENTS: | S2 |
|--------|---|--------|
| | • Luther accepts SCIENTIFIC CONCORDISM | |
| | "But, as Holy Writ declares, it was the Sun" | |
| | Luther's geocentricism: | _ |
| | based on a literalist & concordism reading of the Bib | le |
| | classic example that Scientific Concordism FAILS the Bible should <u>not</u> be used as a book of science | S3 H13 |
| CO | NCLUSION: Brief History of Astronomy | S4 |
| | 1. ALL astronomers accepted the earth is spherical in 1600s | 5. |
| | Galileo Affair is not about a flat earth! | |
| 2 | 2. Scientific Knowledge Gap growing between the academics & common people | S5 |
| | | |
| 3 | 3. Hermeneutical debates beginning to emerge because of heliocentricism | S6 |
| III. B | RIEF HISTORY OF GALILEO GALILEI (1564-1642) | S7 |
| Prear | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | S8 |
| vo | latile time & volatile personality → a formula for disaster | |
| | SOCIAL FACTORS | S9 |
| | • Roman Catholicism on the defensive | |
| | fresh off the Protestant Reformation | |
| | • Works of Aristotle rediscovered in 12 th to 13 th centuries | S10 |
| | became the Science-of-the-Day | |
| | integrated (conflated) into Roman Catholic theology | |
| | • Invention of Printing | S11 |
| | wide distribution after 1500 & public accessibility | |
| | 1559 Roman Catholic Church establishes the Roman Index (prohibited books) | |
| | PERSONAL FACTORS | S12 |
| | Galileo: arrogant, sarcastic, quick to anger → many enemies | |
| | • wrote his books in Italian | S13 |
| | common people became a factor | |
| | used DIALOGUE style → to protect the author | S14 |
| | Galileo put the words of opponent professors in mouths of peasants! | |
| 1564 | | C1.5 |
| 1564 | ham 15 Fab in Diag Hab. | S15 |
| | born 15 Feb in Pisa, Italy | |
| | raised a Roman Catholic | |
| | his father Vincenzio was a music theorist & experimentalist | |
| | in many contentious debates | |
| 1581 | | S16 |
| | studied medicine at U of Pisa, but did not complete program | |
| | nicknamed "Wrangler" for his argumentative style | |
| 1585 | | |
| 1303 | moved to Florence | |
| | studied physics & math with tutor | |
| | important scientific advances in 16 th century Italy were made outside the universities | |
| | r | |

| | | Galileo 1 Episodo | e 102 |
|------|---|---|-------|
| 1589 | | ** | S2 |
| | became a professor of mathematics at | | |
| | mathematicians deemed inferior & sus Therefore, part of the Galileo Affi | - | S3 |
| | NATURAL PHILOSOPHERS | MATHEMATICIANS | 55 |
| | Aristotelians | Galileo | |
| | qualitative | quantitative | |
| | based on Aristotle's works | • | |
| | DEDUCTIVE | based on experiments INDUCTIVE | |
| | DEDUCTIVE | INDUCTIVE | |
| | Aristotle's Categories | | S4 |
| | coined the term 'categ | | |
| | | ommon sense perceptions of daily life | |
| | • 'quantity' was only 1 | | |
| | quantity, quality, action, being acte | , substance, relation, place, time, posture, having, d on | |
| 1590 | On Motion | | S5 |
| 10,0 | THESIS: motion & math are the key | to science | |
| | attacks Aristotle's common | | |
| | EG | | |
| | - | es proportional to weight (ie, heavier objects fall faste | r) |
| | | WRONG → theme throughout Galileo's career | |
| | Famous Experiment | balls off Tower of Pisa is probably not true | |
| 1503 | dropping cannon | bans on Tower of Tisa is probably not true | 0.6 |
| 1592 | became a math professor at U of Padu | 0 | S6 |
| | became a main professor at 0 of 1 add | a | |
| 1597 | | | |
| | admits he had long ago accepted Cop | ernican Astronomy | |
| 1604 | | | |
| | Supernova (exploding star) | | |
| | Aristotle → celestial realm doesn | t change | |
| | a comet is friction be | tween air & lunar sphere | |
| | Galileo → new star | | |
| | ARISTOTLE WRONG | | |
| | gives 3 PUBLIC lect | rures | |
| 1608 | | 1 | S7 |
| | telescope was invented by Hans Lippe | ershey | |
| 1609 | | | |
| | Galileo made his own telescope & poi | | S8 |
| | • moon was not a perfect sphere a | • | |
| | Aristotle: heavens were perfe | ct spheres | |
| | moving spots on sun | | |
| | Aristotle: heavens do not cha | nge | |
| | • four moons of Jupiter | | |
| | Aristotle: all heavenly bodies | | |
| | - | | 9 H24 |
| | Aristotle: earth was the centre | e of the universe | |
| | ARISTOTLE WRONG | | S10 |

| | | Galileo 1 Episode 103 |
|-------|---|-----------------------|
| 1610 | Starry Messenger | S2 |
| | THESIS: telescope findings reveal the Aristotelian universe is incorrect ARISTOTLE WRONG | |
| | | |
| | BUT | |
| | ambiguous about heliocentricism | |
| | 2 nd edition made Galileo famous throughout Europe | |
| | frenzy of telescope watching | |
| | ARISTOTELIAN REACTIONS: | S3 |
| | refused to use the telescope | |
| | claimed to see nothing | |
| | argued flaws in lenses | |
| | claimed optical illusions | |
| | accused Galileo of fraud | |
| | SIMILAR TO ANTI-EVOLUTIONARY ARGUMENTS TODAY? | S4 |
| | refuse to study fossils | |
| | claim to see no transitional fossils | |
| | argue flaws in the fossil record | |
| | claim transitional fossils are illusions → diseased creatures | |
| | accuse paleontologists of fraud (and even demonic deception!) | |
| | Clergy drawn into the debate | S5 |
| | pastoral concern emerging: | |
| | was Galileo undermining the faith of Christians with his astron | omy? |
| 4.440 | | a.c |
| 1610 | | S6 |
| | left U of Padua & returned to Florence | |
| | became "Philosopher & Mathematician" of the Grand Duke of Tus | cany |
| | an opportunity to challenge the ideas in the universities | |
| 1611 | | S7 |
| 1011 | visited Rome → very positive | 57 |
| | very good dialogue with astronomers at Roman College (Jesuits) | |
| | elected to Lincean Academy (scientific society) | |
| | had audience with the Pope who was impressed | |
| | nad addrence with the rope who was impressed | |
| 1612 | Discourse on Floating Bodies | S8 |
| | THESIS: AUTHORITY in science is based on experiments (Induction | 1) |
| | NOT based on the works of Aristotle (Deduction) | |
| | ■ ARISTOTLE WRONG | |
| 1613 | Letters on Sunspots | S9 |
| | fully embraces Copernican heliocentric astronomy | 57 |
| | Lincean Academy in Rome publishes it | |

1st response is the "Letter to Castelli" (1613) later expanded to the "Letter to Grand Duchess" (1615)

was Galileo undermining Christian Faith?

Benedetto Castelli informed Galileo

1613

THE BREAKFAST

Grand Duchess Christina asks about theological implications of Galileo's astronomy:

S10

| 1615 | | • | S |
|------|--|---|---|
| | Roman Catholic church informed that Galileo was interpreting the Bible | | |

■ THE PROTESTANT PROBLEM

1616

church placed Copernicus' *On the Revolutions* (1543) on the Roman Index "suspended for correction"

S3

THE COMMITTEE:

made up of only theologians & pastors, and they consulted for only a few days examined the propositions:

- 1. The sun is at the centre of the world & does not move
- 2. The earth is not at the centre of the world & is in motion

THE JUDGMENT S4

11 to 0 vote

7. "All said that this proposition [1] is foolish and absurd in philosophy [natural philosophy = science], and formally heretical since it explicitly contradicts in many places the sense of Holy Scripture, according to the literal meaning of the words and according to the common interpretation & understanding of the Holy Fathers and the doctors of theology ...

All said that this proposition [2] receives the same judgment in philosophy S5 and that in regard to theological truth it is at least **erroneous in faith**."

M.A. Finocchiaro, ed/trans, *The Galileo Affair: A Documentary History* (Berkeley, CA: U of California Press, 1989), 146

COMMENT:

S6

 church was entrenched in SCIENTIFIC CONCORDISM hermeneutics was a significant factor in the Galileo Affair

Galileo summoned to Rome

S7

Cardinal Robert Bellarmine:

warned Galileo against the REALISM of heliocentricism asked him to call it a HYPOTHESIS

Bellarmine was correct → no experimental evidence the earth moved only appears in 1838 with stellar parallax

1618 S8

3 comets appear

Jesuits of Roman College publish a book on comets

they used an Aristotelean interpretation

comets not celestial, but sparks between air & lunar sphere

1623 The Assayer

Galileo's work on comets

attacks Jesuits & alienates them → in the end they'll get Galileo!

1624 S10

Galileo visited Rome & met with Pope Urban VIII this Pope was a friend of Galileo's

encouraged to write up his views as HYPOTHESIS

worked on book between 1624 and 1630

argued that tides are evidence of the earth's motion

| 1621 | Galileo 1 Episode 10 | |
|------|--|----|
| 1631 | Galileo receives the <i>Imprimatur</i> for his book → church's seal of approval | S2 |
| 1632 | 9 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | S3 |
| | February Galileo's most famous book | |
| | PROOF the earth moves → tides used the dialogue style | |
| | Jesuits convinced Pope Urban VIII that he is the character named "Simplicio" Pope feels betrayed & never talks to Galileo again | |
| | | S4 |
| | the church stopped distribution of the book committee was formed to examine it | |
| | October | |
| | Galileo called to Rome | |
| 1633 | | S5 |
| | June 16 recommendations of committee: | |
| | Galileo publicly recant his views | |
| | Galileo put under house arrest | |
| | • <i>Dialogue</i> to be banned | |
| | June 22 Galileo's Heresy Trial & "Recantation" 8. "I, Galileo, son of the late Vincenzio Galilei of Florence, seventy years of age | S6 |
| | I have been judged vehemently suspected of heresy, namely of having held and | |
| | believed that | |
| | [1] the sun is the center of the world and motionless | |
| | [2] and the earth is not the center and moves | |
| | With a sincere heart and unfeigned faith I abjure, curse, and detest the aforesaid | |
| | errors and heresies." Galileo Affair, 292 | |
| | <u>COMMENTS</u> : | S7 |
| | regrettable, but somewhat understandable | |
| | Galileo was 70 yrs old & sick → wants to get home BUT | |
| | Galileo becomes the SYMBOL of the WARFARE relationship of Science & Religion |) |
| | December | S8 |
| | returned to Florence & was under house arrest for rest of his life NOT in a dungeon & in chains!!! | |
| | continued scientific work & focussed on motion | |
| 1637 | abandoned his theory that tides are proof the earth moves | S9 |
| 1638 | | 10 |

dies January 8 & was buried in Florence, Italy

1642

◆ ARISTOTLE WRONG again!!!

S11

S8

Process: today just beginning to be understood through genetics

THEN we need to have competent hermeneutics of Genesis 1-11

• let's not repeat the hermeneutical errors of the church in Galileo's day

3. Hermeneutics (poor) played a significant part in the Galileo Affair

IF we are going to be involved in the origins debate,

Pattern: 1800s fossil record

Lesson for Today:

| IV. GALILEO'S HERMENEUTICS AND SCIENCE & RELIGION RELATIONSHI | IP S2 |
|--|-----------|
| Background: 1613 a breakfast & 2 hr discussion afterward | S3 |
| Grand Duchess Christina asks about theological implications of Galileo's astronomy: | |
| was Galileo undermining Christian Faith? | |
| Galileo responded with "Letter to Castelli" (1613) expanded into "Letter to Grand Duchess Christina" (1615) | S4 |
| 1. FOUNDATIONAL PRINCIPLE: THE TWO DIVINE BOOKS | S5 |
| Scripture & Nature Rooted in the Trinitarian God | S6 |
| 9. "For the Holy Scripture and nature derive equally from the Godhead, the former as the | |
| dictation of the Holy Spirit and the latter as the most obedient executrix of God's orde | rs." |
| COMMENTS: "Letter to Christina" in Finocchian "Godhead" a term for the Holy Trinity—Father, Son & Holy Spirit balance between the Two Books → both "derive equally" from God | ro, 93 |
| Scripture & Nature Reveal God | S7 |
| 10. "God reveals himself to us no less excellently in [1] the effects of nature than in | 57 |
| [2] the sacred words of Scripture, as Tertullian [theologian;160-220 CE/AD] perha | ıps |
| meant when he said, 'We postulate that God ought first to be known [1] by nature, an | • |
| afterward further known [2] by doctrine—[1] by nature through his works, [2] by doc | |
| through official teaching." "Christin | |
| COMMENTS: | s8 |
| balance between the Two Books → both equally "excellent" | 30 |
| strong view of Natural Revelation (ID) | |
| start 1 st with Nature in order to know God | |
| | |
| Priority of Scripture over Nature in Theological Issues | S9 |
| 11. "I have no doubt at all that, where human reason cannot reach, and where conseque | • |
| one cannot have a science , but only opinion and faith , it is appropriate piously to co | |
| absolutely to the literal meaning of Scripture ." "Christina" | |
| COMMENTS: | S10 |
| reflects Metaphysics-Physics Principle | |
| theology (metaphysics) is beyond science (physics) accepts the literal meaning of theological statements | |
| Priority of Nature over Scripture in Scientific Issues | S11 |
| 12. "I think that in disputes about natural phenomena one must begin NOT with the author | |
| of scriptural passages, but with sensory experience and necessary demonstrations [sc | ience] |
| after becoming certain of some physical conclusions, we should use these as | - |
| very appropriate aids to the correct interpretation of Scripture." "Christi | na" 93 |
| COMMENTS: | S12 |
| REJECTS scientific concordism | 512 |
| science contributes to hermeneutics | |
| "very appropriate aids to the correct interpretation of Scripture" | |
| Baconian Hermeneutic (Principle #11) → "creatures are a key to Scr | riptures" |
| QUESTION | S13 |
| Is evolutionary biology a "very appropriate aid to the correct interpre of the Genesis 1 & 2 creation accounts? | |

| | Galil | eo 2 Episode 108 |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|
| NATURE: THE BOOK OF GOD'S WORKS | | S2 |
| God Created Faithful Laws of Nature | | S3 |
| 13. Nature is "the most obedient executrix of God's orders Nature is | s inexorabl | e and |
| immutable, [and] never violates the terms of the laws imposed on | her." | "Christina" 93 |
| COMMENTS: | | |
| implications: God is faithful & not deceptive → we can nature is not a God-of-the-Gaps world | n trust natı | ure & science |
| Science is a Gift from God | | S4 |
| 14. "I do not think one has to believe that the same God who has given | n us our se | |
| and intellect would want us to set aside the use of these Indeed | | |
| mind put to death? When one is in possession of this [scient | | |
| gift from God.' | | tina" 94, 96, 105 |
| COMMENTS: | Cinis | 1114 7 1, 70, 100 |
| crushes the science vs. religion dichotomy | | |
| human epistemology & knowledge rooted in God | | |
| science ultimately rooted in God! | | |
| QUESTION | | S5 |
| Is evolutionary biology also a gift from God? | | |
| Practice of Science IMPLICITLY Affirmed in Scripture | | S6 |
| 15. "To prohibit the entire science [astronomy] would be no different t | han to reje | ect hundreds |
| of statements from the Holy Writ, which teach us how the glory | and the gre | eatness of the |
| supreme God are marvellously seen in all his works and by divin | ne grace are | e read in the |
| open book of the heavens." | | "Christina" 103 |
| COMMENTS: | _ | |
| Two Divine Books Metaphor → "book of the heavens" | , | |
| strong view of natural revelation (ID) Ps 19:1 re-written: | | |
| "The open book of the heavens declare the glor | y & greatn | ess of God" |
| Nature is Intelligible & Written in Language of Mathematics | | S7 |
| 16. From <i>The Assayer</i> (1623) "Philosophy [i.e., natural philosophy, or | science] | is written in |
| this grand book, the universe, which stands continually open to or | ur gaze. Bu | ut the book |
| cannot be understood unless one first learns to comprehend the lar | nguage and | l to read the |
| letters in which it is composed. It is written in the language of m | nathematic | cs without |
| which it is humanly impossible to understand a single word of it; v | without the | ese, one wanders |
| about in a dark labyrinth." S. Drake, <i>Discoveries & Opinions of Galilet</i> <u>COMMENTS</u> : | o (NY: Doub | oleday, 1957), 237-8 |
| nature is rational & understandable → strong view of na Albert Einstein : | | S8 N15 |
| "The eternal mystery of the world is its comprese BUT | • | - |
| no mystery for Galileo → God wrote QUESTION | the mather | natics into nature S9 |

108

Otherwise, will we "wander about in a dark labyrinth"?

What do we need to "first learn" before understanding origins? geology, palaeontology, genetics, comparative anatomy

| Galileo 2 Episodo | e 109 |
|---|------------|
| 3. SCRIPTURE: THE BOOK OF GOD'S WORDS | S2 |
| Scripture is Inerrant, NOT its Interpreters | S3 |
| 17. "Holy Scripture can never lie or err, and its declarations are absolutely and inviolably | |
| true Though the Scripture was inspired by the Holy Spirit we cannot assert with | |
| certainty that all interpreters speak by divine inspiration since if this were so then | |
| there would be no disagreement among them about the meaning of the same passages | |
| Holy Scripture can never lie, as long as its true meaning has been grasped. | |
| "Letter to Castelli" in Finocchiaro, 49, 51; "Christina" 92, | |
| COMMENTS: accepted Doctrine of Biblical Inspiration "Scripture was inspired by the Holy Spirit" | S4 |
| accepted Doctrine of Biblical Inerrancy Bible "can never lie or err" Biblical "declarations" "absolutely & inviolably true" | |
| human interpreters are the problem we need hermeneutics! | |
| Intention of Scripture is for Salvation, NOT Science | S5 |
| 18. "I should believe that the authority of Holy Writ has merely the aim of persuading men | |
| of those articles and propositions which are necessary for their SALVATION and surpa | SS |
| all human reason, and so could not become credible through some other science or any | |
| other means except [1] the mouth of the Holy Spirit If [2] the first sacred writers | |
| had been thinking of persuading the people about the arrangement and the movements of | • |
| the heavenly bodies, they would not have treated them so sparsely ." "Castelli" 51-2 | 2 |
| <u>COMMENTS</u> : | S 6 |
| Principle of Authorial Intentionality (Principle #10) | |
| Dual authorship of Scripture: | |
| [1] Divine Intention → SALVATION "mouth of the Holy Spirit" | |
| "the aim" of the Bible | |
| [2] Human Intention → NOT SCIENCE "first sacred writers would not have treated [astronomy] so spar | sely" |
| Science in Scripture is INCIDENTAL | S7 |
| 19. The Scripture "speak[s] incidentally of the earth, water, sun, or other created thing | |
| sciences [are] discussed in Scripture to a very minor extent and with disconnected | |
| statements; such is precisely the case of astronomy, so little of which is contained | |
| therein that one does not find there even the names of the planets, except for the sun, | |
| the moon, and only once or twice Venus, under the name Morning Star." "Christina" 93-4 | · |
| <u>COMMENTS</u> : | S 8 |

reflects the Message-Incident Principle
science in Scripture is "incidental"
science only appears to a "very minor extent and with disconnected statements"

QUESTION
S9
does Scripture "speak incidentally" of the origin of the world?

20. "Propositions dictated by the Holy Spirit were expressed by the sacred writers in such a way as to accommodate the capacities of the very unrefined and undisciplined masses ... in order not to sow confusion into the minds of the common people and make them more obstinate against dogmas involving higher mysteries ... Indeed I shall further say that it was not only respect for popular inability, but also the current opinion of those times ... This doctrine [accommodation] is so commonplace and so definite among all theologians that it would be superfluous to present any testimony for it." Ibid., 92, 106

COMMENTS:

S3

reflects the Message-Incident Principle

science is "current opinion of those times" → science-of-the-day ancient science

Principle of Accommodation (Principle #3)

S4

refers to accommodation 8 X in "Letter to Christina"

"so commonplace" in the 17th century

reason for accommodation:

to avoid pastoral problems

"in order not to sow confusion into the minds of the common people"

QUESTION:

S5

Why is evolution not in the Bible?

to avoid pastoral problems

4. THE CONFLICT BETWEEN GALILEO & HIS CRITICS

S6

Central cause → poor hermeneutics

QUESTION:

Are the issues similar today with Anti-Evolutionism?

Scientific Concordism is the Root of the Conflict

S7

21. "So the reason they [Galileo's critics] advance to condemn the opinion of the earth's mobility and sun's stability is this: Since in many places in Holy Scripture one reads that the [1] sun moves and the [2] earth stands still, and since the Scripture can never lie or err, it follows as a necessary consequence that the opinion of those who want to assert the [1] sun to be motionless and the [2] earth moving is erroneous and damnable ... They want to extend, not to say abuse, its [ie, the Bible's] authority, so that even for purely physical [scientific] conclusions, which are not matters of faith, one must totally abandon the senses and demonstrative arguments [ie, scientific] in favour of any scriptural passage whose apparent words may contain a different indication."

Ibid, 92, 90

COMMENTS:

S8

Galileo's critics accepted Scientific Concordism

"authority" of the Bible "extends" to "physical conclusions"

a superficial logic to the argument of the critics:

S9

- The Bible states the "sun moves" & "earth stands still"
- The Bible "never lies or errs"

Therefore:

belief the sun stands still & earth moves is "erroneous & damnable"

BUT critics fail to appreciate Message-Incident Principle:

• "physical conclusions ... are not matters of faith"

Recasting Galileo's Words for TODAY:

"So the reason **anti-evolutionists** advance to condemn the opinion of the **evolution of life** is this:

- Since in many places in Holy Scripture one reads that **life was created** *de novo* [quick & complete; Gen 1 & 2], and
- since the Scripture can never lie or err,

[Therefore]:

it follows as a necessary consequence that the opinion of those who want to assert the **evolution of life** is erroneous & damnable."

OUESTION:

S3

Can you **empathize** with scientific concordists & anti-evolutionists? on the surface this argument is reasonable

BUT

in the end falls short hermeneutically similar to Galileo's critics, it assumes scientific concordism is a feature of the Bible

Excessive Biblical Literalism

S4

22. "Though the Scripture cannot err, nevertheless some of its interpreters and expositors may sometimes err in various ways. One of these would be very serious and very frequent, namely to want to limit oneself always to the literal meaning of the words." "Castelli" 49 COMMENTS:

interpreters are the problem, not the Bible

"frequent" error is literalism

TODAY

S5

2004 ABC TV survey: 87% Evangelical Protestants & 51% Roman Catholics accept Gen 1 is literal → Young Earth Creation

Proof-Text "Hermeneutics" aka "Sound-Bite TV Reporting"

S6

23. "They published some writings full of useless discussions and sprinkled with quotations from the Holy Scripture, taken from passages which they do not properly understand and which they inappropriately adduce." "Christina" 87

TODAY S7

anti-evolutionists often use the *de novo* creation of living organisms "after their kinds" in Gen 1 to claim that God did not create through evolution

• they fail to recognize that *de novo* creation is an ancient science of origins

Misappropriation of Academic Authority

S8

DEF: an expert in one academic discipline acts like an expert in another unrelated disciple Absolute Prince Analogy

24. "Officials and experts of theology should not arrogate to themselves the authority to issue decrees in the professions they neither exercise nor study [eg, astronomy]; for this would be the same as if an absolute prince, knowing he had unlimited power to issue orders and compel obedience, but being neither a physician nor an architect, wanted to direct medical treatment and the construction of buildings, resulting in serious danger to the life of the unfortunate sick and in the obvious collapse of structures."

"Christina" 100-101

| | Galileo 2 Episode 1 | 12 |
|--|---------------------|----|
| <u>COMMENTS</u> : theologians are not astronomers! | | S2 |
| TODAY most of the leading anti-evolutionists <u>do not</u> have biolo law, engineering, history, philosophy, mathematics, a theology, etc | | S3 |
| SUGGESTION always ask: What type of Doctor? | | |
| CONCLUSION: Galileo's Hermeneutics and Science & Religion Relation | _ | S4 |
| 1. Galileo had a <u>peaceful</u> relationship between his astronomy & his Chris there was no hint of conflict | tianity | |
| 2. Galileo believed that science does not deal with religion | | S5 |
| 25. "The motion or rest of the earth or the sun are not articles of | faith and are | |
| not against morals." | "Christina" 109 | |
| 3. Galileo believed that the purpose of Scripture was for worship & salva | tion | S6 |
| 26. "The primary purpose of the Holy Writ [is] the worship of | God and | |
| the salvation of souls." | "Christina" 93 | |
| 4. Galileo's hermeneneutics reflect the Message-Incident Principle | | S7 |
| to summarize his views, he used Cardinal Baronio's hermeneutica | al aphorism | S8 |
| 27. "The intention of the Holy Spirit is to teach us how one go | es to heaven, | |
| and not how heaven goes." | "Christina" 96 | |
| Message of Faith | S9 | Н5 |
| How to Go to Heaven "articles of faith" "morals" "worship of God" "salvation "primary purpose of the Holy Writ" "intention of the Ho | | |
| INCIDENTAL ANCIENT SCIENCE | S10 | Н5 |
| How Heaven Goes (astronomy) in the Bible: | | |
| appear "incidentally" Q 19 | | |
| mentioned "sparsely" Q 18 | | |
| "current opinion of those times" Q 20 | | |
| "accommodated" to the level of "common people" Q 20 |) | |
| "in order not to sow confusion" Q 20 | | |

| Galileo 2 Ep | pisode 113 |
|---|--------------|
| V. GALILEO'S HERMENEUTICAL GAFFE: LITERALISM & CONCORDISM | S2 |
| Despite Galileo's excellent hermeneutics in the "Letter to Christina," he succumbs to literal | ism and |
| scientific concordism near the end of the letter | |
| moving completely beyond literalism & concordism is difficult! | |
| The firmament is LITERALLY the last sphere in the heavens | S3 |
| 28. "The word firmament [in the Bible] is literally very appropriate for the stellar sphere | ere |
| [ie, the sphere of fixed stars] and everything above the planetary orbs, which is total | .lly |
| still and motionless according to this arrangement [Copernican astronomy]." "Chi | ristina" 118 |
| COMMENT: | S4 H24 |
| Galileo believed the firmament was the boundary of the physical universe | 2 |
| The sun is LITERALLY in the middle of the heavens | S5 |
| 29. "With the Copernican system one can very clearly and very easily give a literal mean | ning |
| to another detail which one reads about the same miracle [Josh 10]; that is, that the | sun |
| stopped in the middle of the heavens." | oid, 117 |
| COMMENT: | S6 H24 |
| Galileo believed the sun was literally in the <u>center</u> of the entire universe | |
| The rotation of the sun LITERALLY turns the spheres of the planets | S7 |
| 30. "The sun is both the source of light and THE ORIGIN OF MOTION [my capitals], | and |
| given that God wanted the whole world system to remain motionless for several ho | urs as |
| a result of Joshua's order, it was sufficient to stop the sun, and then its immobility | stopped |
| all the other turnings, so that the earth as well as the moon and the sun (and all the | e other |
| planets) remained in the same arrangement; and during that whole time, night did n | ot |
| approach, and the day miraculously got longer." | oid, 117 |
| COMMENT | |
| Galileo believed: | S8-9 H24 |
| the rotation of the sun caused the movement of the spheres & planets Therefore: stop the rotation of the sun and it stops the earth's rota | tion and |
| the sun will not "set" | |
| • Galileo believed: Josh 10 miracle really happened | |
| personal interventionism | |
| The Problem of Scientific Concordism | S10 |
| with the advance of science: | |
| the concordism of one generation is rejected by the next generation it's like the God-of-the-Gaps | |
| with regard to Galileo's Scientific Concordism: | S11 |
| • sun is NOT in middle of heavens | |
| sun is NOT surrounded by spheres with a planetfirmament does NOT exist above planets | |

PASTORAL CONCERN:

S12

IF science advances & destroys your scientific concordism, THEN is your faith in God also destroyed?

• sun's rotation does NOT transmit motion to spheres & planets

S2

| VI. THE "APOLOGY TO GALILE | ZT. | THE " | APOL | OGY TO | GALILE | \circ |
|----------------------------|-----|-------|------|--------|--------|---------|
|----------------------------|-----|-------|------|--------|--------|---------|

Pope John Paul II "Lessons of the Galileo Case" (1992)

The Problem S3

hermeneutical **incompetence** of 17th century theologians of the Church

31. "The new science [Copernican astronomy] ... obliged theologians to examine their own criteria of scriptural interpretation. Most of them did not know how to do so ... The majority of theologians did not realize the formal distinction between [1] Sacred Scripture and [2] its interpretation, and this led them unduly to transpose [conflate] into the realm of the doctrine of the faith a question that in fact pertained to scientific investigation."
JP II, "Lessons of the Galileo Case," Origins: CNS

Documentary Service 22 (1992), 372-373

COMMENTS:

The Bible is NOT the problem → the interpreters are!

Failure to distinguish:

- [1] "Sacred Scripture" from
- [2] "its interpretation"

Problem of Conflation:

"transpose [conflate] into the realm of the doctrine of the faith a question that in fact pertained to scientific investigation."

The Tragic Consequence

S5

S4

Galileo has become the SYMBOL of Science & Religion Warfare

32. "The Galileo case has been a sort of 'myth' in which the image fabricated out of the event was quite far removed from reality ... This myth has played a considerable cultural role. It has helped anchor a number of scientists of good faith in the idea that there was an incompatibility between [1] the spirit of science and its rules of research on one hand and [2] the Christian faith on the other."

Ibid, 373

COMMENTS: S6 H1

today this Galileo myth continues to fuel: Science & Religion Warfare
Science vs. Religion Dichotomy

The Problem Re-Stated

S7

Cardinal Paul Poupard

commissioner of 13 yr study that led to the Galileo apology

33. "Galileo's judges, incapable of dissociating faith from an age-old cosmology, believed quite wrongly that the adoption of the Copernican revolution, was such as to undermine Catholic tradition."P. Poupard, "Report" Ibid, 374-5

COMMENTS:

S8

Problem of Conflation

17th century theologians conflated "faith" & "age-old cosmology"
The Solution S9 H5

Message-Incident Principle → Separate, Don't Conflate!

QUESTIONS: S10-11 H5

Are Christians today:

"incapable of dissociating faith" from an "age-old biology"?

"incapable of dissociating faith" from an "age-old biology of human origins"?

He believed: 2. Galileo was a Christian (though far from perfect → but who is?) He believed: • The Bible was inspired by God "the Scripture was inspired by the Holy Spirit" Q 17 • Biblical Inerrancy "its [Scripture's theological] declarations are absolutely and inviolably true" Q 17 "conform absolutely to the literal meaning of Scripture" Q11 • Natural Revelation & Intelligent Design **S7** "the glory & the greatness of the supreme God are marvellously seen in all His works" Q 15 1st stage of knowing God "God ought first to be known by nature" Q 10 • Divine Action Cosmological Providentialism in Operations "nature [was] ... the most obedient executrix of God's orders" Q9 Personal Interventionism Josh 10 stopping of sun miracle Q 29 & 30 S8 Despite his minor hermeneutical gaffe, he rejected scientific concordism He accepted the hermeneutical principles of: S9 • Accommodation Q 20

3. Galileo had Academic Hermeneutics • Authorial Intentionality: Divine & Human Q 18 • Baconian Hermeneutic → Science is a KEY to understanding the Scriptures Q 12

S10

• Incidental Ancient Science in Scripture Q 19

• Message-Incident Principle (Implicit) Q 19, 20, 25-30

| | Galileo 2 Episode 116 |
|--|-----------------------|
| 4. Lessons from the Galileo Affair for Today | S2 |
| History reveals: | S3 |
| • anti-heliocentrism (anti-Copernicism) rooted in: (1) tradition (Aristotle) | |
| (2) scientific concordist | m |
| scientific concordism → failed | |
| • solution to Science-Religion conflicts → competent hermeneutics | |
| Similarly, TODAY reveals: | S4 |
| • anti-evolutionism rooted in: (1) tradition (87% evangelical Protestants | Young Earth Creation) |
| (2) scientific concordism | |
| • scientific concordism → will fail | |
| • solution to Sci-Rel conflicts → competent hermeneutics of Gen 1-11 | |
| IF Lamoureux were the Pope of evangelical Protestants | S5 |
| I would write a letter of apology to all evolutionary scientists | |
| 5. Time for a New Symbol for Science & Religion? | S6 |
| Galileo as a symbol of a <u>PEACEFUL</u> relationship between Science & Religi | |
| Time for a new aphorism? | \$8 |
| GALILEO TAUGHT THE 17 TH CENTURY CHURCH: | |
| "The intention of the Holy Spirit is to teach us how one goes to h | neaven, |
| and not how heaven goes." | , |
| <u> </u> | S9 |
| GALILEO COULD TEACH THE 21 ST CENTURY CHURCH: | 57 |
| "The intention of the Bible is to teach us THAT God is the Cre | eator |
| The intention of the Biole is to teach as THAT God is the City | |

and <u>not</u> **HOW** the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit created."

D. Lamoureux, *Evolutionary Creation* (2008), 35